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ENGLISH AND CHINESE

LESSONS.

BY REV. A. W. LOOMIS.



AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY, 10 EAST 23d STREET, NEW YORK. 637 MARKET STREET SAN FRANCISCO. CAL- 1285.81

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INTRODUCTION.

In attempts to teach the Chinese to read and speak our language there has been a want of suitable books.

After many solicitations, the authors of this little volume undertook the task of preparing the book now offered to the public.

It has been made with two principal facts in view. First: That most of the Chinese who will use it are not mere children, but are lads and young men from ten to twenty-five years of age, and many will use it who are much older. What they need, therefore, is a book which shall carry them through all the steps of learning, beginning with the alphabet; while at the same time the subjects of the lessons ought to be of a graver character than the simple stories prepared for little children.

Second: As the book is designed especially for use in Sabbath Schools and the family, the subjects of the lessons are so designed that the teacher will feel that his strength is not all expended in the mere effort to teach the pupil to read, but that while he is teaching him the art of reading and speaking there are also facts and truths of the most weighty character brought before his mind.

A glance at the book itself will convey the best idea of its plan and designs.

The lists of words preceding each new lesson are exercises in spelling and defining, and are composed of the new words contained in the lesson, and which have not previously been used. In this way we have in this primary work—small as it is—lists of more than 1690 words, with their Chinese definitions. It is expected that each lesson will be mastered, and the definition of every word thoroughly learned, before the pupil is permitted to undertake another lesson. This system will, we think, prove more beneficial to the scholar than would a mere glossary of all the words at the end of the book.

The Chinese idiom differs so much from the English that a classical English sentence translated into elegant Chinese may not afford the young scholar all the service he desires in arriving at the meaning and force of each word of his lesson; therefore, in our endeavor to give as plain and direct a translation as possible, elegance of style has often been sacrificed. Provincialisms may occasionally be detected in the Chinese portion of the text; but we trust they will not interfere at all with the usefulness of the book, and that it may be of service in teaching our language to any who read Chinese.

The work will also be of use to any of our people who wish to acquire a knowledge of the Chinese language. The learner has only to mark with his pencil the sound of the Chinese words, just as he may catch it from any Chinese whom he may be teaching or whom he may call upon for such service.

The phrases, forms of letters, business forms, abbreviations, &c., &c., as well as many things in the body of the work, are very essential for a Chinaman to understand, who expects to do business with our people.

擇 雖 義 有 是 此 蓋 聊 新 書、 昔 有 數 人 穌 字 切 目 字 所 H 序 是 降 未 旬 俱 列 當 故 列 生 備 分 有合宜之書 相 明 要 集 於 同、 欲 次 務 成 千八百 第 上, 不 學 者 卷 及 者 其 使 也。 悉 中 人 檢 以 七 載 目了 學串 可 有 用 爲 + 設 教 有 初 年 字 華 志 然。 爲 千 學 卽 義 六 於 但 問 由 百 斯 新 答. 毎 學英語今因多 淺 課 者 学 字、 來 入 之 先 往 每 深之意書中 宜 下, 字 信 熟 經 上 叉 札 有 讀 貿 方 文 有 詳 爲 寫 唐 易 釋 人 有 定 文 分 過 題 切 用 解 規、 解 明、 目 間 各 於 釋. 减 釋、 言 余 課 語 世 下 筆 毎 等

選

句

(ENGLISH A	ND CHINES	e lessons.	=:=:=:=: 11.	
	ALPHABET,					
A	a	A	а	Á	a	
В	ь	₿	ь	<u>OB</u>	b	
C	c	\boldsymbol{c}	c	\mathscr{C}	c	
D	đ	D	ď	Ø	d	
E	e	$oldsymbol{E}$	e	E	e	
F	. f	$oldsymbol{F}$	f	F	f	
G	g	$oldsymbol{G}$	g	G	9	
H	h	H	h	\mathcal{H}	h	
I	i	1	i	J	ė	
J	j	J	j	I	j	
K	k	<i>K</i>	\boldsymbol{k}	H	h	
L	1	\boldsymbol{L}	l	\mathscr{L}		
M	m	M	m	M	m	
N	ם	N	n	N	n	
o	o	0	o	0	0	
P	p	P	p	P	p	
Q	q	$oldsymbol{Q}$	\boldsymbol{q}	_	g	

		ه-				
	12		NGLISH AN	D CHINESE	LESSONS.	
	, ' R	r	R	r	\mathscr{R}	Z
Ŏ	s	s	· S	s	S	ø
Ī	· 1	t	T	t	T	t
Ö	U	u	$oldsymbol{U}$	u	U	u
0	v	\mathbf{v}	V	v .	\mathscr{Q}^{ϵ}	84
	w	w	W	w	Me	w
	X	x	X	\boldsymbol{x}	X	a [,]
	. Y	У	Y	\boldsymbol{y}	¥.	y
	\mathbf{Z}	2	\boldsymbol{Z}	z	J	\boldsymbol{z}
] . 			-	•••		
	1	C	ARDINA	AL NUM	IBERS.	
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	1	1	·I	One		
	2	2	II	$\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{wo}}$)	= .
	3	3	III	Thre	ee	= \
	4	4	IV	Four	r	四
	5	5	V	Five	ı	五.
	6	6	VI	Six		六

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		EN(GLISH AND C	HINESE LESSONS.	13.
1	7	7	VII	Sev-en	七
Ĭ	8	8	VIII	Eight	八
N N	9	9	IX	Nine	九
Ü	,/0	10	X	Ten	+
Ĭ	11	11	XI	E-lev-en	+-
Ĭ	12	12	XII	Twelve	+=
Ĭ	13	13	XIII	Thir-teen	十三
	14	14	XIV	Four-teen	十四
Ĭ	15	15	XV	Fif-teen	十五
Ü	16	16	XVI	Six-teen	十六
Ĭ	17	. 17	XVII	Sev-en-teen	十七
	18	18	XVIII	Eigh-teen	十八
	19	19	XIX	Nine-teen	十九
	20	20	XX	Twen-ty	二十
Ď	21	21	XXI	Twen-ty one	二十一
ij	22	22	XXII	Twen-ty two	二十二
Ĵ	23	23	XXIII	Twen-ty three	二十三
	24	24	XXIV	Twen-ty four	二十四
	25	25	XXV	Twen-ty five	二十五

14.		ENGLISH	AND CHINESE LESSONS.	
26	26	XXVI	Twen-ty six	二十六
27	27	XXVII	Twen-ty sev-en	二十七
28	28	XXVIII	Twen-ty eight	二十八
29	29	XXIX	Twen-ty nine	二十九
30	30	XXX	Thir-ty	三十 ·
31	31	XXXI	Thir-ty one	三十一
40	40	XL	For-ty	四十
50		L	Fif-ty	五十
60	60	LX	Six-ty	六十
70	70	LXX	Sev-en-ty	七十
.80	80	LXXX	Eigh-ty	八十
90	90	XC	Nine-t y	九十
100	100	C	One hun-dred	一百
101	101	CI	One hun-dred and one	一百零一
102	102	CII	One hun-dred and two	一百零二
103	103	CIII	One bun-dred and three	一百零三
200	200	CC	Two hun-dred	二百
300	300	CCC	Three hun-dred	百三
400	400	cccc	Four hun-dred	四百

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ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.

	???p		
500	D	Five hun-dred	五百
600	DC	Six hun-dred	六百
700	DCC	Sev-en hun-dred	七百
800	DCCC	Eight hun-dred	八百
900	DCCCC	Nine hun-dred	九百
1,000	M	One thou-sand	一手
10,000	$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	Ten thou-sand	一萬
100,000	$\bar{\mathbf{C}}$	One hun-dred thou-sand	十萬
1,000,000	M	One mil-lion	一百萬

ORDINAL NUMBERS.

1 st	First	第一
2^{nd}	Sec-ond	第二
3^{rd}	Third	第三
$4^{ m th}$	Fourth	第四
$5_{\cdot \cdot $	Fifth	第五
$6^{ ext{th}}$	Sixth	第六
$7^{ m th}$	Sev-enth	第七
$8^{ m th}$	Eighth	第八
$9^{ ext{th}}$	Ninth	第九
10 th	Tenth	第十
$11^{ m th}$	E-lev-enth	第十一
$12^{\mathbf{th}}$	Twelfth	第十二
$13^{ m th}$	Thir-teenth	第十三
$14^{ m th}$	Four-teenth	第十四
$15^{ m th}$	Fif-teenth	第十五
16^{th}	Six-teenth	第十六
17 th	Sev-en-teenth	第十七

4		***************************************
$18^{ m th}$	Eigh-teenth	第十八
19 th	Nine-teenth	第十九
20 th	Twen-ti-eth	第二十
21 st	Twen-ty first	第二十一
$22^{\rm nd}$	Twen-ty sec-ond	第二十二
$23^{\rm rd}$	Twen-ty third	第二十三
30^{th}	Thir-ti-eth	第三十
$40^{ ext{th}}$	For-ti-eth	第四十
50 th	Fif-ti-eth	第五十
60 th	Six-ti-eth	第六十
$70^{ m th}$	Sev-en-ti-eth	第七十
80 th	Eigh-ti-eth	第八十
90^{th}	Nine-ti-eth	第九十
100 th	One hun-dredth	第一百
10 1 st	One hun-dred and first	第一百零一
$102^{\rm nd}$	One hun-dred and sec-ond	第一百零二
$103^{ m rd}$	One hun-dred and third	第一百零三
1,000 th	One thou-sandth	第一千
1,000,000 th	One mill-ionth	第一百萬

PUNCTUATION.

熟書之法

, Com-ma. Pause long e-nough to count one. 停止可數一之久

; Semi-co-lon. Pause long e-nough to count one, two.

停止可數二之外

: Co-lon. Pause long e-nough to count one, two, three. 停止可數三之人

Pe-ri-od. Pause long e-nough to count one, two, three, four.

停止可數四之外

P In-ter-ro-ga-tion Point. 考間之號

! Ex-cla_ma-tion Point. 驚慌嗟嘆之號

",, Quo-ta-tion Marks. 引句之號

A-pos-tro-phe. Sign of the o-mis-sion of one or more let-ters of a word, and of the pos-ses-sive case.

賴字之號,屬之號即之字之意

- Hy-phen. Used to sep-ar-ate words in-to syl-la-bles.
 - 相連字之號
- Dash. De-notes a sud-den pause of va-ri-a-ble length.

忽然停止聲音一息之號

() Pa-ren-the-sis. In-clos-es words, which should be read with a low-er and more rap-id voice than the oth-er parts of the sen-tence.

此號內兩頭截住的字要讀得快而 且低 磬

In-dex. Points to a pas-sage which re-quires at-ten-tion.

此號所指是緊要的

EXERCISE IN ARTICULATION.

	-	EXE	IKCI	SE	IN A	ART	ICU	LAT	ION	: 1	
ab	ba	ag	ga	al	la	ar	ra		wa	alb	bla
$\mathbf{e}\mathbf{b}$	be	eg	$\mathbf{g}\mathbf{e}$	\mathbf{el}	le	er	re		we	elb	ble
ib	bi	ig	$\mathbf{g}\mathbf{i}$	il	li	ir	ri		wi	ilb	bli
\mathbf{ob}	bo	og	go	ol	lo	or	ro		wo	olb	blo
ub	bu	ug	gu	ul	lu	ur	ru		wu	ulb	blu
	by	_	$\mathbf{g}\mathbf{y}$		ly	_	ry		wy		bly
ac	ca	ah	ha	am	ma	as	sa		ya	arb	bra
ec	ce	eh	he	\mathbf{em}	me	es	se		$\mathbf{y}\mathbf{e}$	erb	bre
ic	ci	ih	hi	im	mi	is	si		yi	irb	bri
oc	co	oh	ho	om	mo	os	so		yo	orb	\mathbf{bro}
uc	\mathbf{cu}	uh	hu	um	mu	แร	ธน		yu	urb	bru
	сy	_	hy	_	my		sy				\mathbf{bry}
ad	da	aj	ja	an	na	at	ta	az	za	alp	pla
eđ	de	ej	je	$\mathbf{e}\mathbf{n}$	ne	et	\mathbf{te}	ez	ze	elp	ple
id	di	ij	ji	in	ni	it	ti	iz	zi	ilp	pli
\mathbf{o} d	do	oj	jo	on	no	ot	to	OZ	zo	olp	\mathbf{plo}
$\mathbf{u}\mathbf{d}$	du	uj	ju	un	nu	ut	tu	uz	zu	ulp	plu
_	dy	_	jу		ny		\mathbf{ty}		zy		\mathbf{ply}
							•				
af	fa	ak	ka	ap	pa	av	va	ath	tha	ard	dra
\mathbf{ef}	fe	ek	$\mathbf{k}\mathbf{e}$	ep	$\mathbf{p}\mathbf{e}$	ev	ve	eth	the	erd	dre
if	fi	ik	ki	$\mathbf{i}\mathbf{p}$	$\mathbf{p}^{\mathbf{i}}$	iv	vi	ith	thi	ird	dri
\mathbf{of}	fo	ok	ko	op	po	ov	vo	oth	\mathbf{tho}	ord	dro
uf	fu	uk	ku	up	рu	uv	vu	uth	thu	urd	dru
	fy	-	ky	; -	рy	_	vy	_	thy	_	dry

A LIST OF WORDS CONTAINING ALL THE SOUNDS IN THE LANGUAGE.

吃了 ate at 唉,噫,嘻 ah 皆,衆,凡 all eat end bite ill **下好,有病** oak \mathbf{on} room 房子 use 我等,我們 us full fear air form 形像

whole共總 他 此字指 他女人 her 雀鳥 bird ask 間 男童子 boy dim 不明 fife give high key lie my name 🚜 sing pie run

sun show 指示 tie thin the vie we you zone azure 蒼靑 now edge 邊,刃子 chin 下爬 blow 吹 pray 祈禱 throw抛丢





WORDS OF TWO LETTERS.

An ox. 一隻剦牛 My ox. 我的剦牛 An ax. 一把斧子 No ax. 沒有斧子	I do. 我 Do it. Do it.	Go on. 往前so. 這像 up. 走 I go. 我去	Go in. 走 We go. 我們去 He is. Lt is.
It is I. 是我 We do it. 我們做 Do go on. 請往前走 Do it so. 這樣做	I am in.	It is up.	He is so.
	我在裡面	在上頭	他是如此
	He is in.	I am up.	As it is.
	他在裡面	我在上頭	同他一樣
	Go in it.	He is up.	It is so.
	到裡面去	他在上頭	是這樣
	I go on.	As I am.	It is he.
	我往前走	同我一樣	是他



It is an ox. 是一隻剦牛 Go to an ox. 到剦牛跟前去



It is an ax.
是一把斧子
It is my ax.
是我的斧子
Do as we do.
相我們這樣做
I do as ye do.
我做相你們一樣





WORDS OF THREE LETTERS.

NO. 1.

ba bad ad bad 惡ba bag ag bag 袋ba bat at bat 蝙蝠 ca can an can 會,能 ca cap ap cap 小帽 ca cat at cat 猫



fa fan an fan 扇子 fa far ar far 遠 fa fat at fat 肥 ga gap ap gap 山口ga gas as gas 煤氣 ha ham am ham 火腿ha has as has 有 ha hat at hat 帽子

NO. 2.

la lad ad lad 男童子 ma mad ad mad 顛狂 ma man an man 人



ma mat at mat 席 加a nap ap nap 打不睡 na nay ay nay 不厚 pa pad ad pad 軟是 pa pan an pan 雙不 a rag ag rag 爛 和 ra rat at rat at rat sa sad ad sad sa sat at sat 生 整 報 報 wa wag ag wag 搖欄

NO. 8.

be bed ed bed 床 be beg eg beg 求, 乞 be bet et bet 相賭 de den en den 信 ef fed ed fed 喂了 ge get et get 得

en hen

he hen



he hem em hem 衣邊
he her er her } 他那
je jet et jet 噴水
ke keg eg keg 小桶
le led ed led 引導了
le leg eg leg 腿
le let et let 任從

NO. 4.

me men en men 衆人 me met et met 遇着了 pe peg eg peg 木釘

pe pen en pen 筆 pe pet et pet 寵愛的



NO. 5.

id bid

bi bid

bi big ig big 大灾一点 di dig ig dig didim im dim 職所 情情 ig fig ig fig fi fin in fin fi fit it fit

hi hid id hid 藏了 hi him im him 他



ki kid id kid 小山羊
li lid id lid 蓋
ti lip ip lip 口唇
mi mix ix mix 交雜
ni nib ib nib 筆尖
ni nip ip nip 松

小猪 pi pig ig pig pi pin in pin 無孔針 pi pit it pit ri rib ib rib ri rim im rim ri rip ip rip si sin in sin ip sip si sip si sit it sit 錫 ti tin in tin ti tip

wi wig ig wig 假頭髮 wi win in win 贏 NO-7-

bo bog og bog 爛泥地 bo box ox box 箱子 co cot ot cot 小床



. op lop lo lop ot lot lo lot mo mob ob mob { 墨民, no nod od nod 點頭 no not ot not po pod od pod 吉殼



po pot ot pot ob rob 打劫 ro rob ro rod od rod 草皮 so sod od sod 酒徒 so sot ot sot to top op top 上面 NO. 9.

bu bud ud bud bu bug ug bug 电 bu but ut but 但,惟 cu cub ub cub 小罷 cu cup up cup cu cut ut cut du dug ug dug fu fun un fun gu gum um gum 🕏

gu gun un gun hu hub ub hub hu hug ug hug hu hum um hum 營濟



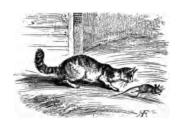
hu hut ut hut 茅舍 NO. 10.

ju jug ug jug 有耳瓶 lu lug ug lug ti mu mug ug mug有耳杯 nu nut ut nut 核子



pu pup up pup ru run un run su sun un sun tu tub ub tub

LESSONS IN WORDS OF THREE LETTERS.



LESSON L. ki, ki, ki, a — the 個, 其 and 並, 和 ate 吃 了 fing, ho chi liao

- I 我 ni do行為做 is 是 shi boy { 董子, 该子
- 1. A dog and a cat.
- 2. The dog bit the cat.
- 3. Acat and a rat.
- 4. The cat ate the rat.
- 1. I see the man.
 - 2. Do you see him?
 - 3. He is a fat man.
 - 4. The boy is not fat.

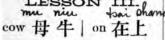
3一個貓一個老鼠 第一課 紀。

第一課 第一課 第一課 第一課 第一課 第二課 第二課



up 上 warday 日,天 now 如今 it 他 十a sky 穹蒼,天 in 於,裡

shama .



- 1. A hog and a pig. [pig.
- 2. I see a big hog and a fat
- 3. A boy and a cow.
- 4. The boy is on the cow.

- 1. The sun is up.
- 2. It is red.
- 3. Now it is day.
- 4. The sun is in the sky.

ki

) .

LESSON V

fox 狐狸 lay 下 sly 狡猾 an egg 蛋 蛋 may 可以 eat 吃



- 1. I see a fox.
- 2. The fox is sly.
- 3. He has a hen.
- 4. I saw a hen.
- 5. The hen can lay an egg
- 6. I may eat an egg.
- 7. The fox may eat the hen

LESSON VI.

how 如何 age 年歲 are 是 she 他女 no 不是 am 是

- 1. How old are you?
- 2. I am ten. He is six.

 She is two. hat
- 3. How old is the man?
- 4. Is he an old man?
- 5. No, he is not old.

光是兩處

to sin 犯罪 lie 謊言 y如,似, us 我等 好相 me

we我等 all



- 1. I see you.
- 2. You see me.
- 3. We see you.
- 4. You see us.
- 5. We see him.
- 6. He can see me.
- 7. He can see us.
- 8. God can see us all.

- 1. Do not sin.
- 2. To lie is to sin.
- 3. God can see you.
- 4. He can see me.
- 5. Bad men sin.
- 6. Do not as bad men do.

舳 能 能 見

課

第

why 為何 tea 茶 bed 床 new 新



- 1. A boy and a dog.
- 2. I met a boy and a dog.
- 3. The dog bit the boy on the arm.
- 4. Why did he do so?
- 5. Is the dog mad?

- 1. The boy has the tea.
- 2. The tea is in the tin cup.
- 3. He may sip the tea, but it is hot.
- 4. He has a new cap.
- 5. The cap is on the bed.

oti ohi kia toong try 試試 | add 加增 if 倘若 | aid 帮助 trong jo fang chu

- 1. Let us try if we can add or not.
- 2. One and one are two.
- 3. One and one and two and six are ten.
- 4. Can you add six and ten?
- 5. Yes. Let me try; if I cannot, you can aid me.

LESSON XII kiii air 氣 | dry 乾 | go 去 owl 猫頭鷹 | so如此 mao ton ying ju tyu 1. The sun has set.

- 2. The sky is red.
- 3. The air is hot and dry.
- 4. Let us go in. [not see.
- 5. It is not day, for we can-6. A cat can see if it is not day; so can an owl.

雖不是白天猫能看見猫頭鷹名不是白天因為我們看不見甚至氣又熱又乾。



LESSON XIII. shui who 誰

- 1. Who can see God?
- 2. I can-not see him.
- 3. You can-not see him.
- 4. No man can see him, but he can see us and all men.

1 3 2

見我們和衆人從不能見他。

LESSON XIV.
that his 他的 far off 甚遠
eye 眼 of 之 chih

It a man sin, his sin cannot be hid; for the eye of God is on him: if he is far off God can see him.

離狠遠神能看見他若有人犯了罪他的若有人犯了罪他的

LESSON XV. kiang hua women ti kiu wên tao l say 講話 | our 我們的 | ask 求,問 | way 道 昆 ear 耳 | law 律法 | or 或 sh lii fa huo

- 1. God is one.
- 2. He is the God of all men.
- 3. God can see all we do.
- 4. God has an ear for all we say.
- 5. God can aid all men.
- 6. God can see us if we sin, or if we do not sin.
- 7. We may ask our God to aid us to go in the way of His law, for he has bid us so to do.

1

2 他是萬人之神。 4 神有耳可聽我們凡所行之事。 5 神能看見我們或犯罪或不犯 6 神能看見我們或犯罪或不犯 他律法之道因為他吩咐我們 他律法之道因為他吩咐我們 fu hao LESSON XVI chung chu-i ill 不好 pay 還銀 end 終 aim 主意 be 是 shi nor 亦無 i wu act 行,為 owe 欠 kim any-one 不論何人 fu lun ho jên

1. All men sin. You sin. I sin.

- 2. God can see us.
- He has an ear for all we say.
- 3. Do not say it is no sin to lie: it is a sin. Say ill of no one. Do no bad



act. Pay all you owe. Do not rob any-one-no, not of a pin.

1 人都有罪○你也犯罪○ 我也犯罪。 对聽我們凡所言。 不要說話說沒有罪○是 不要作惡事○凡你所欠 必償還。不要偷人之物。 必償還。不要偷人之物。 是一針之小也不可偷。

- 4. Let me not sin in all I say or do. God can aid me to go in the way of His law. Go not in the way of a bad man. Do no ill. A bad man has a bad end.
- 5. O God, let our aim be not to go in the way of sin; let us not lie or do as bad men do.

道。 事都不可作。 行那罪惡之 人所作。



LESSONS IN WORDS OF FOUR LETTERS.

LESSON XVII.

have 有 * | will 主意 | book 書 ohu deer 鹿 lu ball 我 kin rope 籍 lan will have 將來要有 tsianglai yas yu

- 1. I have a book.
- 2. You have a ball.
- 3. He has a comb.
- 4. Ah Sam has a gun.
- 5. We will have a desk.

THE PRONOUNS, AND THE VERB HAVE comb 梳 Mgown 長衫 must必須 seat 坐位 use 用 yung they 他 們 desk 寫字枱

- 6. She will have a new gown.
- 7. They had a deer.
- 8. We must use a rope.
 - 9. They must have a seat.

那女人將來要有 個 mi m-tre li-fr my 我的 your 你的 nuts 核rice 米 *boat 船, 艇 pole 竿 soap 峴子 tpail 水桶 map地理圖 oboot 靴

- * chuan, ting t chuitung o bhileh
- 1. They have my boat.
- 2. Who has my pail?
- 3. Ah Kwai had your pail.
- 4. Who has our soap?
- 5. Who had his boot?
- 6. Who has her rice?
- 7. We have their map.

7 6 5 4 9 9 1

我們有他們的地理。

nuts 核子 ink墨,墨水 pole 等 ken yeo solih

- 1. Has he my cap?
- 2. Had he any nuts?
- 3. Did Ah Foo have your pole?
- 4. Have you my ink?
- 5. Have you my pens?
- 6. May I have your rope? Yes, you may have my rope.

用我的繩子。

他有我的筆沒有。

他有我的筆沒有。

你有我的墨嗎。

你有我的墨嗎。

你有我的墨嗎。

LESSON XX

han, long shih-wu huo-lu
put 放 fang cold 寒,冷 food 食物 stove 火 爐
then 彼 時 fire 火 huo twarm 媛 when 幾 時
use 用 yung some 些物 need 須用 meat 內 jou
cook 養 chu wood 柴,木 raw 生,不熟 shong, fu johu
chai, mu
thai yung
Fire.

- 1. Put some wood in the stove.
- 2. When it is cold, the fire will keep us warm.
- 3. When the days are warm, we do not need any fire; then we are not cold.
- 4. But if it is not cold, we use a fire to cook our food.
- 5. We can-not eat raw meat; we must cook it.

5 我們不能吃生肉必須 養熟。

fan

* wên

thien 1,000

ma je

Bailch LESSON XXI.

snow 雪 give 送與 wind 風情 sick 有病 poor 窮人 ver-y 甚 she Bi-ble 聖書 blow 颳吹 kind 仁心 them 他們 work 工夫 rain 雨 yii help 幫助 word 言 yen teach-es 教訓 kiso hiin the poor.

THE POOR.

THE POOR.

- 1. Pit-y the poor who have no fire to keep them warm.
- 2. The wind will blow, it will rain, and it may snow and if they have no fire, they will be ver-y cold.
- 3. Some have no food to eat; we must help them.
- 4. Some are sick and can-not work; if we can-not give them food, we can say a kind word to them.
- 5. The Bi-ble teach-es us to be kind to the poor.

1 你要可憐那窮人沒有火烤 在後要颳風下雨或下雪他們若沒有火烤必受冷。 們若沒有糧吃的我們必要幫助他們。 事本能給他飯吃必要說好 事本能給他飯吃必要說好 事本能給他飯吃必要說好 事業上教訓我們要好好寬*

* tai (*) *an * hai (*) *phon(*) * lien

two thei * liang (**) + k'ao (+, 1)

what 甚麼 sir 先生 live 居住 come 來 were 是 shih name 名 minghere* 此處 soon 快 glad 歡喜 tage 年歲 cit-y 城ck-natown 城,邑 c hear 聽,聞 like 中意 born 生, 出世 ting, wên * nien sui sheng, ch'uh shih tang i * tiu ch'u.

EAST CONVERSATION.

- 1. What is your name? My name is Sam Sing.
- 2. What is your age? I will soon be fif-teen.
- 3. Do you live in the cit-y? Yes, sir.
- 4. I am glad to hear it. I will go and see you.
- 5. In what town were you born? I was born in Hong-kong.
- 6. Do you like it here? Yes, I like it ver-y well.

第二十二課你叫甚麼名字○我名叫三你叫甚麼名字○我名叫三你幾歲○我將近十五歲。你住在城裡嗎○在城裡住你生在城裡馬○在城裡住在城裡馬○我必去見你。我很喜歡○我必去見你。我很喜歡○我必去見你。

t hoven

kin LESSON XXIII. wai, yii gold 会 able 能 neng year 年 at 在, 於 next 大坎u home 家 kia cook 袁 chu much 多 to yet 尚 shang want 要, 與 乏 yao, chüch fa (queron) (canecar de)

EASY CONVERSATION.

- 1. Have you been sick here? No, not much.
- 2. What do you work at? I am a cook.
- 3. Have you ever dug gold? No, I have not.
- 4. Some men dig gold and get rich; have you got rich? No, sir, I am yet poor.
- 5. When will you go home? I want to go very much, and may be able to go next year.

5	4	3	2	1
意去或者來年可以。 你幾時要回家去()我狠願	麽○沒有先生我還是貧窮。有人掘金子發財○你發財掘過。	你掘過金子沒有○我沒有	你做甚麼工夫○我是個廚	甚麽大病。 你在此處有病沒有○沒有 第二十三課

*yim *hum * fa *chieh *ch'u

thin † to'ai (+)

42. ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.

LESSON XXIV

- lai

-fang -fang -chie -chie -tie -tie -tie

Lord 丰宰 son 子如 weak 弱わ | re-ly 倚賴 place 地方 seek 尋,求 love 愛 wisins 罪 愆 tjoy 喜 樂 thy 你 的 soul 震 魂 sins 罪 愆 beg 求 and 而 and long 長chiandie 死 fear 畏懼 after 後hou full 滿 man heart 八 sin thus 如此 Fcare 保佑 Tcall up-on求 wear 穿 chuan (5, heal 🕵 edeath 死亡 #blot out 抹 | he 彼 life 生命 drawnigh近 pray 祈禱 with 與 yil give 賜 为 u (ア) ev-er-y-where 各處 | such 如此的 for-ev-er 永遠

- Fear the Lord. Draw nigh to Him, and He will draw nigh to you. God says: My son give me thy heart. It shall be well with such as fear Him.
- 2. Pray to God. He is nigh to all who call upon him. We may pray to him in any place, for God is ev-er-y-where.

ŋ

#第二十四課論倫 被用主字○爾近於 被而彼必近於爾○ 神云我子歟爾宜以 心歸我○敬畏神者 必有福。 於凡所求之者○無 於凡所求之者○無 於凡所求之者○無 於凡所求之者○無

* k'ao (46)

.....

- 3. I may ask God to heal me if I am sick, to help me if I am weak. I may beg Him to give me food to eat, and may ask Him for what I need to wear. I must seek His care when I go to bed. I must re-ly up-on God as long as I live.
- 4. I must beg Him to blot out all my sins, and to give me a new heart; thus in life God will love me, when I die I will have joy, and after death my soul shall be full of joy for-ev-er and for-ev-er.

加 之時我必有喜樂 個 求 新 如 此 舳 求 在 꺠 生 賜 臥 糧 的罪 而 時 胂 時必 꺠

SPELLING LESSON.

LESSON XXV.

	1		ខ		5
babe	嬰兒	core	果心	deep	深
cave	山穴	\mathbf{dose}	一服藥	deer	鹿
gate	門	home	家	feet	雙脚
hate	憎惡	hole	孔	feel	撫,摩
lame	跛脚	\mathbf{hope}	指望	keep	守,留下
\mathbf{make}	造做作	more	多些	fear	懼
name	名	nose	鼻子	lead	引
\mathbf{page}	一篇書	rope	纜	meat	肉
\mathbf{safe}	穩當	sore	傷療	near	近
take	取,拿				6
			4		
	2	Sauls S	平面正	fail	誤,不成
bite	咬	cube {	方體	hair	髮
fine	細,幼細	cure	醫	nail	釘
fire	火	fume	烟氣	pail	桶
hide	隱藏	huge	鴻大		~
life	性命	mute	啞		
rice	米	nude	裸體	boat	小艇
\mathbf{ripe}	熟	pure	純清	coal	煤炭
${f s}{f i}{f d}{f e}$	旁邊	sure	一定	coat	大衫
\mathbf{vile}	醜,賤	tube	筒,管	goat	山羊
wide	闊	tune	腔調	load	—擔

made 做 things 幼 moon A stars 星 land 11 sea 海 beasts 獸 birds 食 last 末後 male 男

fly The crawl I al-so 亦,又 fish ff trees 樹 kinds類,樣 工, 息

fe-male 女 which所,那 that 彼,所 good 好,善 done 成 ground 地, earth地,士 blessed 祝福 坭 la-bor 操作 ho-ly 聖 sab-bath 安 grain 榖 play 嬉戲 息日 all 全 grass 草 wa-ter 水 fruit 果子 rest-ed 歇

一個 space 時之 間

bids 命令, 吩咐 creatures 受造之物, 生物

1

1. In six days God made all things. God made the sun, the moon and the He made stars. the dry land and the sea.



神造 日

- 2. He made all the birds and the beasts with all crea-tures which fly in the air, or that crawl on the earth, or that live in the ground; also the fish and all things that live in the wa-ter.
- 3. He made the trees, the grass, the grain, and all kinds of fruit: last of all He made man, male and fe-male made He them.
- 4. God made all things in the space of six days, and all were very good.
- 5. On the sev-enth day, He rest-ed from all the work which He had done. He blessed the sev-enth day, and made it a ho-ly day.
- 6. He al-so bids us la-bor, and do all our work in six days, and to keep the sab-bath ho-ly, and in it not to work nor play.

6 5 3 俱 日 漏 男 內 聖 Н 是 力

LESSON XXVII

mouth嘴,口 joints 骨節 cheeks 膘 head 頭 great 大 feet 脚 legs 混 ma∙ny ∄ or-gans 百體 hands 手 with-in 內 eyca 眼,目 toes 脚指 teeth 开始 nose 舅 lood-y 身體 peaco 平安 thank 威謝 ears 耳 this 這個 fin-gers手指 arms 實 tongue 舌 | there aro 有 com-mand-ments 🏟 works 浩 pre-serves 保佑 form

THE BODY, WHICH GOD MADE.

- 1. I. have one head, two hands, two feet, two arms, two legs, two eyes, two ears; two cheeks, one nose, one mouth; ten fin-gers, ten toes, one tongue; ma-ny teeth, ma-ny joints.
- 2. Thus in the bod-y, there are ma-ny or-gans; and all these form one bod-y, which God made, and which He pre-serves.

第二十七課論身體 第二十七課論身體 學眼睛兩個耳朵兩個 雙眼睛兩個耳朵兩個 馬子一個嘴十個手指十個脚指一條 個手指十個脚指一條 個手指十個脚指一條 不頭許多牙齒許多牙齒許多骨質。

- 3. The bod-y is ver-y won-der-ful-ly made. E-ver-y part is fit-ted to its of-fice, and there is no part that is not need-ed. No man has e-ver made as per-fect, as in-ge-ni-ous, as won-der-ful a ma-chine as the hu-man bod-y. Of all that God made man was his last and his no-blest work.
- 4. Let us thank Him for all the good that He has done. The earth is full of the works of His hands. Love God, and keep His law; for great peace have all they that keep his com-mand-ments.

LESSON XXVIII.

sens-es 五官 dumb 啞 sight 目看 pleased 悅樂 walk 行,走 smiles 微笑 deaf-mutes 聾 啞 hear-ing 耳 聽

blind 瞽盲 chew 嚼噬 smell 鼻間 deaf 聾 nor 又不 grieves 憂 悶, 悲 哀 han-dle 拈 弄, 摩 touch 手 摩, 捫

THE FIVE SENSES.



- 1. There are five senses, sight, hear-ing, smell, touch, and taste.
- 2. We see with our eyes, and hear with our ears; with the nose we smell, with the fin-gers we touch, and taste with the tongue.

1.

- 3. Some can-not see, they are blind; some cannot hear, they are deaf: the dumb can-not speak; deaf-inutes can neith-er hear nor speak.
- 4. With our hands we han-dle, with our legs we walk, and we stand on our feet. We speak with the tongue, and chew with the teeth. He smiles who is pleased, he grieves who is sad.

腿行走以脚站立 我等以手拈物以 聽亦不能言。 講聾啞者不能



^{*} mien, + -\
† un non, -

LESSON XXIX

chair 椅 fowls 飛禽 like 像似 | oth-er 期 clothes衣裳 falls 落下 wag-on 車 | wool 羊毛 sleep i hors-es 馬 ships 船 carry 運,帶 knife 7 swim 泅水 trade 貿易 sheep 羊 shine 照光 yields 生,產 milk 乳 place 庶 ov-er-rules 答 理 a-round 週 圍 ride 騎 馬,坐車 bread 麵餅,饅頭

GOD OVERRULES ALL THINGS.

- 1. We sit on a chair, we sleep in a bed: men ride in a wag-on. We use a knife to cut: bread is good to eat; clothes are to wear. Men ride on hors-es; cows give milk: wool is tak-en from the sheep; fowls lay eggs.
- 2. Beasts walk on the ground, birds fly in the air, and fish swim in the sea.

- 3. The earth is like a ball. Ships sail a-round it, and men in one place trade with men in oth-er places, and the fruits of one land are car-ried to an-oth-er.
- 4. The sun shines; the rain falls; the earth yields grass, grain and fruit: thus men and beasts have all they need to eat and wear.
- 5. God who made all things, also ov-er-rules all things.



LESSON XXX.

mind 靈心 cast 丢去 the bad惡者 in-to 入 per-ish 滅亡 leaves 離別 does 做 hell 地獄 an-i-mals 禽獸 the good 善者 none 無,沒有 none but 惟獨 be-cause 因為 heav-en 天堂

THE SOUL.

- 1. What can you do? I can read.
- 2. Can a dog read? No.
- 3. Why can-not a dog read? He has no mind.
- 4. None but man can read. Men have souls, ani-mals have no souls.
- 5. When the beasts die they per-ish, and live no more, be-cause they have no souls; but when men die it is the bod-y which dies: at death the soul leaves the bod-y.
- 6. Where does the soul go when the bod-y dies? The good go to heav-en, the bad are cast in-to hell.

LESSON XXXI.

ago 以前 | to day 今日 | o-bey 聽從 | ought 該 dwell 居住 | know 知道 | ear-ly 早 | find尋着,得

LOVE GOD.

- 1. When were you born? Twelve years ago.
- 2. How long will you live? I do not know: no one knows how long his life may be. We may die to-day.
- 3. When you die, where will you go? If I love and o-bey God, He will take me to dwell with Him.
- 4. Ought you then to love God? Yes, I ought to love Him with all my heart.
- 5. When ought you to love Him? I ought to love Him now and al-ways. God says: "I love them that love me, and those that seek me ear-ly shall find me."

第三十一課請愛神 。你將來活到幾時〇我不知道。你將來活到幾時〇我們或者今天要死。 然有人能知道自己的生命幾 若愛神聽從他他必迎接我同 若愛神聽從他他必迎接我同 他居住。 他居住。 心愛他。 心愛他。 心愛他。 心愛他。

LESSON XXXII.

nev-er 永無
Je-sus 耶穌
meek 温柔
un-to 到
low-ly 謙遜
was 是,為,係
cross 十字
la-bor 作工,勞苦

ye 爾等 save 拯救 lad-en 負載 sent 遺去 rest 安 blood 血 sin-ned 犯 了 罪 Christ 基督,獨賽亞

CHRIST DIED TO SAVE THE SOUL.

1. Man has a soul and a bod-y. The bod-y must die; the soul will never die. The good will go to dwell with God for-ev-er. The bad will be sent to hell for-ev-er.



- 2. We have sin-ned. God hates sin, but He loves my soul. Christ died to save my soul. He died on the cross. His blood was shed for me. If I love Him, He will save my soul.
- 3. Je-sus says: "Come un-to me all ye that labor and are heav-y lad-en and I will give you rest. Take my yoke up-on you and learn of me, for I am meek and low-ly in heart; and ye shall find rest to your soul: for my yoke is ea-sy and my bur-den is light.

8

也

我則必獲安於爾靈蓋我軛易我質輕爾安。蓋我心温柔謙遜爾質我軛而學耶無云凡勞苦任重者無就我則我賜

.

死在十字架〇他的血為我流落〇我的靈魂〇基督死是為救我靈魂〇他 我等犯了罪惡〇神憎惡罪惟他愛我

|liv_ing生活 voice 口聲| by 由,以 dreams 票 taught 教訓 should 應該 this 此,這 個 Holy Ghost through 通,以 福, hap-py 有 歡 vis-ions New Tes-ta-ment 新約

spir-it 震 write 寫 true 重 an-gels大使 giv-en賜給 called 內,稱,謂 aud-i-ble 耳 聽 的 could 能,可以 min-is-try 使唤, 事 職 please 教人 Old Tes-ta-ment 舊約

THE BIBLE.

1. Which is the best of all books? The Holy Why is it the best book? Bi-ble. Be-cause it teach-es us about the one liv-ing and true God, and how we may please Him: it teach-es us how we may be hap-py in this life, and in the life to come.

1 或 來 甲 如 世 的 何 那 氣 惟 如

- 2. If God is a spir-it and we can-not see Him, how could He give us the Bi-ble? All that is in the Bi-ble, was giv-en to us through holy men, who were taught by the Holy Ghost, what they should speak and write.
- 3. How did God teach them? He taught them by vis-ions and dreams, and by an aud-i-ble voice, and by the min-is-try of an-gels.
- 4. The Bi-ble has two parts, which are called, the Old Tes-ta-ment and the New Tes-ta-ment.

8 2 指示 神 如 他 何 能指示他們 們看不見如 唞 神 的。 凡 叫 所 何 能 新 的、

but 伯,惟 hills | | maj-es-ty hon-or 恭敬 meas-ured most 頂, 至, 極 cre-at-ed 創造 con-trol 管理 right-e-ous 公義 mer-ci-ful 慈悲 be-gin-ning 始 wor-ship 敬拜 sin-cerely 誠實的

ABOUT GOD.

- 1. There is but one God, the great God who made all things; who is King of Kings and Lord of Lords. He cre-at-ed the heav-ens and the earth, the hills and the sea; He al-so cre-at-ed man.
- 2. There is no place where He is not; noth-ing that He does not know, nothing that He is not a-ble to do, noth-ing that He does not con-trol. most right-eous, most mer-ci-ful, most true, most ho-ly and good.
- 3. God is a spir-it, He has no form; nor can He be meas-ured. He had no be-gin-ning and will have no end.

LESSON XXXV.

fath-er 🛠 hosts same per sons flow whom a-bove 在上 change 更 緣 pow-er 權 能 glo-ry 榮光 e-qual — 樣大 heav-en-ly pre-serv-ed there-fore bles-s-ings be-low

THE TRINITY.

- 1. All peo-ple should wor-ship God the Fath-er God the Son, and God the Ho-ly Ghost; for these three per-sons are one God, the same in sub-stance, and e-qual in pow-er and glo-ry.
- 2. This one God in three per-sons had no be-ginning, and can have no end. As God is now, so has He al-ways been, and so He al-ways will be.

第三十五課論三位 一體之神 一體之神 八人應該崇拜神父神 八人應該崇拜神父神 一體之神 一體之神 一體之神 一體之神 一體之神 一體之神 一一體之神 一一十五課論三位 一一十五課論三位 一一十五課論三位

- 3. God for-ev-er re-mains the same, He can-not change. All oth-er be-ings change. All things had a be-gin-ning; for God made all things. We all were born, and we must all die.
- 4. The peo-ple of all lands were cre-at-ed and are pre-served by this one liv-ing and true God, therefore all peo-ple ought to wor-ship Him.
 - 5. "Praise God, from whom all bless-ings flow, Praise Him, all creat-urcs here be-low, Praise Him a-bove, ye heav-en-ly hosts, Praise Fath-er, Son, and Ho-ly Ghost."

3 神 國之民都是這惟 永 遠 眞 啪 胂 萬 因 由 在 地 福 本 根 拜 他

shed abroad 嘗 賜 cry thou crave gra-cious 唽 fill , 感 動 Je-ho-vah move 耶和華 hymn grace 祝福 mer-cy bless Trin-i-ty ミ位ー體 clean bend thine ear傾爾耳 Sav-iour 救世主



HYMN TO THE TRINITY.

1. "Ho-ly Fath-er, hear our cry, Ho-ly Sav-iour, bend Thine ear, Ho-ly Spir-it, come Thou nigh; Fath-er, Sav-iour, Spir-it, hear.

- "Fath-er, save us from our sin, Sav-iour, we Thy mer-cy crave, Gra-cious Spir-it, make us clean; Fath-er, Son, and Spir-it, save.
- "Fath-er, let us taste Thy love, Sav-iour, fill our souls with peace, Spir-it, come our hearts to move; Fath-er, Son, and Spir-it bless.
- "Fath-er, Son, and Spir-it, Thou
 One Je-ho-vah, shed a-broad
 All Thy grace with-in us now;
 Be our Fath-er and our God."

Sun-day

Mon-day

sec-onds	渺	month	— 個 月
min-utc	分	lu-nar	属月的
hour	一點鐘	cal-en-dar	照日歷
week	— 禮 拜		

DIVISIONS OF TIME.

- 1. Six-ty sec-onds make one min-ute.
- 2. Six-ty min-utes make one hour.
- 3. Twen-ty four hours make one day.
- 4. Sev-en days make one week.

禮拜日 禮拜一

DAYS OF THE WEEK.

Thurs-day Fri-day

禮拜四禮拜五

Tues- Wed-	day nes-da	禮 y禮	拜 二 拜 三		at-ur-0	day Ā	豊拜っ	六
	4		8		2	. 1		
禮;	毎七日爲一個	日。	二十四點鐘爲	鐘 〉	六十分爲一點	六十渺爲一分。	論時候	第三十七課

5. Some call thir-ty days a month, and some call four weeks a month; but twelve cal-en-dar months, or three hun-dred and six-ty five days, make one year.

MONTHS OF THE YEAR.

Jan-u-a-ry	正月	July	七月
Feb-ru-a-ry	二月	Au-gust	八月
March	三月	Sep-tem-ber	九月
A-pril	四月	Oc-to-ber	十月
May	五月	No-vem-ber	十一月
June	六月	De-cem-ber	十二月

+	個	國		說	爲	有
Æ .	月	之	個	四	~	人
日	共	日	月.	個	個	說
爲	\equiv	曆	但	禮	月.	Ξ
	百	+	照	拜	有	+
年。	六		西	爲	人	日

LESSON XXXVIII.

leap year 閏年 | hath 有 | a-lone 單,獨 leap 跳,躍 | rest | 餘剰 | each 每,各

LENGTH OF THE MONTHS.

- 1. Four months of the year have each thir-ty days.
- 2. Sev-en months have each thir-ty one days.
- 3. One month has twen-ty eight days, but in leap year it has twen-ty nine.
 - 4. Thir-ty days hath Sep-tember,
 A-pril, June, and No-vem-ber;
 All the rest have thir-ty one,
 Feb-ru-a-ry, twen-ty eight a-lone,
 But in leap year twen-ty nine.
- 5. Ev-er-y fourth year has three hun-dred and sixty six days, and is called leap year. The next leap year will be 1876.

LESSON XXXIX

flood 洪水 ti birth 生產 fi till 到,至 pres-ent 在,今時 fi yes-ter-day 昨日 co to-mor-row 明日

time 時候
past 往時
fu-ture 來時
cen-tu-ry 一百年
cre-a-tion 創造宇宙

1

TIME PRESENT, PAST, AND FUTURE.

1. Counting from the birth of Christ, we live in the nine-teenth cen-tu-ry. From the cre-a-tion to the flood there were 1656 years; from the flood to the birth of Christ there were 2348 years, and from the birth of Christ till the pres-ent time there have been 1872 years.

第三十九課論時候 從耶穌降世算來我們如 從即穌降世算來我們如 從創世至洪水有一千六 所降世有二千三百四十 所降世有二千三百四十 八年自即穌降世至今有

- 2. We speak of time pres-ent, past, and fu-ture. We speak of to-day, yes-ter-day, and the day before yes-ter-day; of to-mor-row, and the day aft-er to-mor-row; of this week, last week, and next week: also, of this month, last mouth, and next month.
- 3. What day is to-day? This is Tues-day. What day was yes-ter-day? It was Mon-day. What To-mor-row is Wed-nes-day. is to-mor-row?

3 2 禮 月、先 前 是 今 時、 論 禮 拜 二日 下 禮 日、 來 時〉 月。 拜 是 拜、 明 候. 時 幾 下 昨 **H**′ () ()我 H 禮 又 明 日 後 們 日 是 ()拜、 日、說 分 幾 今 這 今 是 捕 循 幾 個 H H 本 日、 今 月、 禮 睢 H 是 眛、 是 禮 前 拜、 日、 往

LESSON

strength	氣力		gained	得	贏
shalt	必		cer-tain	實	,真
cat-tle	畜生		sorrow	憂	悶
dead	死亡,	死者	\mathbf{spent}	用	完度日
daugh-ter	女子		toils	勞	操作
con-tent	安心		pro-faned	褻	瀆犯聖
man-serv-ant	奴僕		what-so-ev-er		論何
maid-serv-an	奴婢		fore-run-ner	前	驅

THE SAB-BATH.

- 1. Sun-day is al-so called the Lord's day, for on that day Christ a-rose from the dead. It is al-so called the Sab-bath, for it is a day of rest: on it we must not do any work.
- 2. "The sev-enth day is the Sab-bath of the Lord thy God, in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daugh-ter, nor thy man-serv-ant, nor thy maid-serv-ant, nor thy cat-tle."

山 作 3. "A Sab-bath well spent,
 Brings a week of con-tent,
And strength for the toils of the mor-row;
 But a Sab-bath pro-faned,
 What-so-ev-er be gained,
Is a cer-tain fore-run-ner of sor-row."

養氣力可任明日之勞 養氣力可任明日之勞 無論得何益



LESSON XLI.

	m	- ∓-	. 1	411
sea-sons	14	子	ploughs	枡
\mathbf{spring}	春	天	sows	播
sum-mer	夏	天	grow-ing	生長
au-tunn or fall	秋	天	rip-ened	熟
win-ter	冬	天	store-hous-es	穀倉
name-ly	卽		$_{ m filled}$	滿了
seed-time	播	種時	while	.時
be-gins .	起	首	re-main-eth	存
grow	生	長	har-vest	收割時
forth	出	`	night	夜
leaves	樹	葉	cease	歇止
flow-ers	花		bloom	開花
far-mer	農	夫		

THE SEASONS.



1. A year has four sea-sons, name-ly: Spring, Sum-mer, Au-tumn, and Winter. Each sea-son has three months. The spring months are, March, A-pril and May. The sum-

mer months are June, Ju-ly and Au-gust. The autumn or fall months are Sep-tem-ber, Oc-to-ber and No-vem-ber. The win-ter months are De-cem-ber, Jan-u-a-ry and Feb-ru-a-ry.

- 2. In the spring the grass be-gins to grow, the trees put forth their leaves, and the flow-ers bloom; and the far-mer ploughs and sows. The grow-ing grain and fruits are rip-ened by the sum-mer's sun, and in au-tumn the store-hous-es may be filled.
- 3. God says: that "while the earth re-main-eth, seed-time and har-vest, and cold and heat, and summer and win-ter, and day and night, shall not cease."

1 3 春天青草始生樹枝發葉花開放農夫耕 四五月作春天〇六七八月作夏天 月作秋天〇 寒暑冬夏畫夜必不)十二正二月作冬天。 晒 播

課論

LESSON XLII.

DILIGENCE IN STUDY.

1. I must stud - y my book, and must not be i-dle. Those who stud-y hard may learn much, and be wise. I-dle boys and girls do



not love to stud-y. When they are grown up, they will see the fol-ly of be-ing i-dle when they were young.

- 2. Sow in the spring, if you would reap in the fall. The slug-gard will not plough by rea-son of the cold. He shall there-fore beg in har-vest and have noth-ing.
- 3. What-so-ev-er thy hand find-eth to do, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor de-vice, nor knowl-edge, nor wis-dom, in the grave, whith-er thou go-est.

3 1 凡 而 何 爾 若 /智慧可 大的 手當行之事宜力行之蓋在爾將 想 秋 作 我的書 於穡 時 無 時 收 候 何 割、 時, 纔 知覺幼 必 何 的子女不愛讀 而 年 쑀 無 識 有 懶惰之愚 無 何

LESSON XLIII

ax-is 樞 round globe west 西 large east once 淍 ap-pears 致,使 flat caus-ing 外面 out-side goes 上面,外面 change sur-face than north 上下,大約 points a-bout to-wards 闸 turns 他的 south its poles 地樞之頭尾即南北極

THE EARTH.

1. The earth is round like a ball or globe, but it is so large that it appears to be flat. Men sail a-round the world in ships. We live on the out-side or sur-face of the earth.



- 2. The sur-face is made up of land and wa-ter. There is much more wa-ter than land; about three times as much.
- 3. The earth turns on its ax-is from west to east, once ev-er-y twen-tv four hours; thus caus-ing day and night. It al-so goes a-round the sun once ever-y year; thus caus-ing the change of the sea-sons.
- 4. The ends of the earth's ax-is are called its poles: one is called the north pole, and points to-wards the north star; the oth-er is called the south pole.

3 2 埘 作 季 年 運 早 地 毎 這 樞 更 外 作 北 圍 轉 地、 南 極、 之 换 着 大 面) 週 頭 H 四 約 極 乃 有 尾、 點. 是 因 \equiv 早 頭 栺 此 鐘、 稱 俉 地、 運 着 爲 轉 分 地 有 水 北 地 出 球 斗 週、 書 極、 從 星、 從 水 夜 西 個 111 庘 個 中 四 於 征 東、

LESSON XLIV.

or-bit 軌道
mak-ing造
cir-cuit — 週
dis-tant 遠
show-eth示出

less 小於
plan-ets 行星
com-ets 彗星
speed 速,快
termed 名叫

sys-tem 之宿 so-lar 屬日 cen-tre 中心 de-clare 顯出 half

THE SO-LAR SYSTEM.

- 1. The di-am-e-ter of the earth is a-bout 8000 miles. Its cir-cum-fer-ence is a-bout 25,000 miles.
- 2. The earth is a-bout 95,000,000 of miles from the sun, and moves in its or-bit a-round the sun 68,000 miles ev-er-y hour, or more than a thou-sand miles ev-er-y min-ute; mak-ing the cir-cuit in 365 days and six hours. The sun is near-ly 1,400,000 times larger than the earth.

一行星之法 行星之法 行星之法 行星之法 一六千里○週圍線大約有二萬 一六千里○週圍線大約有二萬 一十五百萬里按着軌道圍着 一千多里到三百六十五 一千方百萬里按着軌道圍着 一千多里到三百六十五 一千多里到三百六十五 一千多里到三百六十五 一千多里到三百六十五 一千多里到三百六十五 一千多里到三百六十五 一千多里到三百六十五 一千多里到三百六十五 一千百萬里被着軌道圍着

- 3. The moon is a-bout 240,000 miles dis-tant from the earth, and goes a-round the earth once ev-er-y twen-ty nine and a half days, thus fol-low-ing the earth a-round the sun. The size of the moon is 49 times less than the size of the earth.
- 4. Be-sides the earth there are sev-en large planets and ma-ny small-er ones, which al-so move a-round the sun; each in its own or-bit. There are al-so ma-ny com-ets, one of which moves at a speed of 880,000 miles in an hour. Each com-et has its own or-bit.
- 5. The sun, the plan-ets with their moons, and the com-ets form what is termed the so-lar sys-tem, of which the sun is the cen-tre.
- 6. The heav-ens de-clare the glo-ry of God, and the firm-a-ment show-eth his hand-i-work.

LESSON XLV.

light	*	un-i-verse	宇宙
fixed	堅定,不行	shine	照光
count	算,數	treads	踏
though	雖然	plain	平地
seem like	好似彷彿	clouds	婁
small	細小	high	雲高
dis-tance	遠	shields	遮蔽,庇祐
prob-a-bly	或者,大約	close	合埋
com-ing	來	guards	保護
trav-els	行	morn	朝
near-est	至 近	rise	起
reach-ing	到,及	kneel	跪下
${f con\text{-}sid\text{-}er}$	想	serve	服 事
pow-er-ful	有權力	he'll	他將要
gov-erns	管理	he will	他將要
vast	廣大		

THE STARS.

1. There are ma-ny fixed stars, so ma-ny that no man can count them; but God who made and who keeps them in their places, knows them, and calls them all by their names.

名知居守昔能甚不 呼之住之造數多行星五第 呼之亦於之惟無之宿課 之亦於入星 論十

(on (holing-on), Po

- 2. The stars are ver-y large; though they seem small to us be-cause of their dis-tance, yet ma-ny of them are prob-a-bly larg-er than the sun.
- 3. Some of the stars are so dis-tant that their light is five thou-sand years in com-ing to the earth, yet light trav-els a-bout 200,000 miles in a sec-ond. The near-est fixed star is more than twen-ty thousand times as far from us as the sun, and its light is three years and a half in reach-ing the earth.
- 4. Con-sid-er how great and pow-er-ful God must be who made and gov-erns this vast un-i-verse; and who is at all times pres-ent in ev-ery part of it.

地 裡 渺 到 比 的 地 頂 H 頭 到 球他 星、

GOD OVER ALL.

5. "God made the sun to give us light,
The moon and stars that shine at night,
He made the earth that gives us grain,
He made each beast that treads the plain,
He made the clouds, He made the sky,
He made the birds that soar on high,
He shields us when we close our eyes,
He guards us when at morn we rise,
He knows all things by night or day,
He sees us when we kneel to pray,
And if we serve Him till we die,
He'll take us to His home on high."

5

LESS**O**N XLVI.

in-di-go	靛色	yelk	蛋黄
blue	能	black	黑
green	緑	gray	灰色,白
yel-low	黃	col-ors	顔色
or-ange	黄丹色	va-ri-ous	多樣
\mathbf{seen}	見	beau-ti-ful	美麗
$\mathbf{blend-ed}$	措雜	charm-ing	妙哉歡悅
rain-bow	天虹	pleas-ant	悅
az-ure blue	靑 藍	think	思想
white	台	kind-ness	仁愛
shades 陰	影濃淡之 藍有紅鱼	分 別	
vi-o-let	甚有紅角	措 雄、姕	羅 藺

COL-ORS.

1. There are sev-en col-ors; vi-o-let, in-di-go, blue, green, yel-low, or-ange, and red. These sev-en colors are seen blend-ed in the rain-bow. Each col-or has al-so ma-ny shades.

- 2. The sky is an az-ure blue. The sea is a deep The grass is green, blood is red, and snow is white; the yelk of an egg is yel-low, coal is black; in old age the hair turns gray.
- 3. Who gives the va-ri-ous col-ors to the sky and to the clouds, to the trees and to the flow-ers? is God; He who hath made all things beau-ti-ful in their sea-son, and who gives us so much that is charm-ing to the eye, and pleas-ant to the taste; there-fore we ought to think of His great kind-ness and care for us.

他又造萬物都按 他 向 我 東 時花 有 的 西、 所 麗 丽 且

LESSON XLVII.

	la ala		464
hus-band	丈 夫	mock-eth	欺
fam-i-ly	家 眷	sta-tions	職分
wife	妻员	re-la-tions	親屬
moth-er	母親.	pro-voke	激
neph-ews	侄, 外甥	chil-dren	子女
un-cles	文母之兄 第	par-ents	雙親
un-cles	弟	right	合理,公道
sons-in-law	女壻	de-spis-eth	藐視
	父母之姊	grand-sons	男孫
aunts	妹	moth-ers-in	
an-ger	忿怒	law	· {姑,外母
	堂兄弟姊	fath-ers-in-) &
cous-ins	妹表兄弟	law	} 爾,外父
(姊妹	daugh-ters-) 1.44 1.34
	侄女,外甥	in-law	}媳 婦
niec-es		val-ley	山谷
ac-cord-ing	按着	pick	啄
_	- · · -	ea-gles	鷹
grand-daugh	~ 女孫	1 -	
ters) _ , , , ,	grand-par-	祖父母外
sev-er-al	各,幾個	ents	祖父母
		•	•

FAMILY RELATIONS.

1. In a fam-i-ly, we speak of the hus-band and wife, of fath-er and moth-er, grand par-ents and great grand-par-ents; we speak of sons and daughters, of grand-sons and grand-daugh-ters, and of great grand-sons and great grand-daugh-ters.

- 2. There are un-cles and aunts and cous-ins, al-so There are fath-ers-in-law neph-ews and niec-es. and moth-ers-in-law; sons-in-law and daugh-tersin-law.
- 3. The Bi-ble teach-es us to hon-or all peo-ple accord-ing to their sev-er-al sta-tions and re-la-tions.

敬

他。

8 1 又 外 女 妹 女、 第 書 男) 眷 外 表 有 祖 四 甥、 孫 奖: 裡 兄 叔 子 教 叉 弟 纹 外 頭、 舅 女 我 有 姊 祖 我 課 們 纥 孫 母、 翁 妹、 們 論 桉 姑 姑 子、 太 也 鑑 親 着 岳 有 毋 男 祖 夫 Y 重 奖 屬 奖 侄 姨 婦、 的 岳 子 母、 孫 太 夋 親 母、 侄 和 女 祖 毋、 堂 屬 女 女 重 母、 加 職 男 兄 叉 婿 孫 炎 弟 外 分 媳 鼢 祖 姊 兒 恭 婦 甥 毋、

4. "Fath-ers, pro-voke not your chil-dren to an-"Chil-dren o-bey your par-ents in the Lord ger." for this is right." "The eye that mock-eth at his fath-er and de-spis-eth to o-bey his moth-er, the ravens of the val-ley shall pick it out, and the young ea-gles shall eat it."

或有目欺父或毋此所爲宜○ 曹在主聽從父



LESSON XLVIII.

na-tions	國	courts	衙門
chief	元 首	thee	阚
rul-er	主治者	sing	詠詩
em-per-or	皇帝 [帝作主而
states	省	em-pire	轄民之國
. gov-ern-ors	總督,撫雪	sub-jects	下民
mag-is-trates			帝被民所
leg-is-la-tors	設法者	re-pub-lic	棟而理民
frame	制作	-	之國
broth-er-hood		cit-i-zens	國民
${ m judg} ext{-es}$	按察司	rules	管理
right-e-ous-ly	正義	house-hold	合家
jus-tic-es {	典吏審	judge	審,鞫
., (事官	of-fic-ers	官員
pre-side	為首	oh	歟 ,

THE STATE AND ITS OFFICERS.

1. Let the peo-ple praise thee, O God; let all the peo-ple praise thee. Oh let the nations be glad and sing for joy: for thou shalt judge the peo-ple right-e-ous-ly, and gov-ern the nations up-on earth.

- 2. Na-tions have their chief rul-er, called em-peror, king, or pres-i-dent. States have gov-ern-ors; towns have mag-is-trates. Leg-is-la-tors frame the laws. Judg-es and jus-tic-es pre-side in courts. In an em-pire and king-dom the peo-ple are called subjects; in a re-pub-lic they are called cit-i-zens.
- 3. Hon-or all men. Love the broth-er-hood. Fear God. Hon-or the king
- 4. The fath-er rules his house-hold; the king governs the state; but God is o-ver all, King of Kings, and Lord of Lords.

a 諸國有其元首稱皇帝稱王稱伯理堅玉德○省中有總督邑有官府○議律院人制作律法○按察司並典吏在衙門為首制作律法○按察司並典吏在衙門為首團兼稱民為下民帝被民所揀而理民之國稱民為國民。 國稱民為國民。 國稱民為國民。 國和民為國民。 物之上乃是王之王主之主。

LESSON XLIX.

known wine 伴,陪伴 shun com-pa-ny paths walk-eth com-pan-ion 侶 guide fools 愚人 lamp de-stroyed wrote sin-ners truths 眞 理 末後,人存 en-tice last 允准,依從 con-sent trust look choice

CHOICE OF COMPANIONS.



1. A man is known by the com-pa-ny he keeps. He that walk-eth with wise men shall be wise, but a com-pan-ion of fools shall be de-stroyed. If sin-ners en-tice thee, con-sent thou not.

- 2. Go not with bad men. Look not up-on the wine, when it is red. Shun all the paths of sin. Take God's Word for your guide; it will be a lamp un-to your feet, and a light un-to your path.
- 3. The Bi-ble is the word of God. Ho-ly men wrote it, as the Ho-ly Spir-it taught them. The truths of the Bi-ble nev-er change; ev-er-y word is true, and God's truth shall last for-ev-er. Ev-er-y word of God is pure, God is a shield un-to them that put their trust in Him.

#題是人來往○毋觀酒之紅者○免 #認之道路○以神之言為爾引導者 #認之道路○以神之言為爾引導者 #認者一篇之○聖書之眞理永無 要或所著之言皆眞實神之誠實至永 更改所著之言皆眞實神之誠實至永 建而存○神之言皆純神爲恃之者盾 遠而存○神之言皆純神爲恃之者盾 焉。

LESSON L

\mathbf{send}	遺,發出	dan-ger	危險
pre-cious	賽 貝	fount-ain	源泉
pre-sume	敢,擅	foot-steps	步路,足迹
blest	受祝	cleans-ing	清潔的
gift	送的物	tells	說知
with-hold	不交,藏埋	might_y	權勢
par-don-ing	赦, 赦免的	dwell-eth	居住
lan-guage	言語	a-bode	居處
plain	明白		忽暑,不
gain	得贃	$\begin{array}{c} \text{neg-lect} \end{array} \left. \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{c} \end{array} \right.$	留心
warns	勸戒	vol-ume	部書
dark	暗	in-vites	招請
in-ter-ced-ing		bliss	福
woe	禍患,炎殃	wher-ev-cr	不論何虚
shows	指示	found	遇着

OH! SEND FORTH THE BIBLE.

1. "Oh! send forth the Di-ble, more pre-cious than gold,

Let no one pre-sume the blest gift to with-hold. It speaks to all na-tions, in lan-guage so plain, That he who will read it, true wis-dom may gain.

慧其看 理及彼 之理無 於貝聖 可真他 分萬言 聖受人 黃傳書 書課 第 得實知 明民語 物视效 金楊歟 傳論 五 。智識 確化 送藏 勝寄 楊 聖十

- 2. "It points us to heav-en, where the right-e-ous will go; It warns us to shun the dark re-gions of woe; It shows us the e-vil and dan-ger of sin, And o-pens a fount-ain of cleans-ing with-in.
- 3. "It tells us of One who is might-y to save, Who died on the cross, and a-rose from the grave, Who dwell-eth on high, in that ho-ly a-bode, In-ter-ced-ing for man, with a par-don-ing God.
- 4. "Oh! who would neg-lect such a vol-ume as this, That warns us of dan-ger, in-vites us to bliss? Send forth the blest Bi-ble, earth's re-gions a-round, Wherever the foot-steps of man may be found.

福

LESSON LI.

hea-then	拜偶像者	in-iq-ui-ty	罪	愆
be-fore	先時,在前	vis-it-ing in-iq-ui-ty	降	災
show-ing	指示,施	trust-eth	倚	靠
like-ness	像	grav-en	雕	刻
stone	石	im-ag-es	偶	像
sil-ver	銀	i-dols	菩	薩
bow	俯伏	false	假	偽
gen-er-a-tion	世代	throat	喉	雕
thy-self	你自己	be-neath	在	下
jeal-ous	妒忌	un-der or down	下	•

IDOLATRY.



1. God says:
"I am Je-hovah, that is
my name, and
my glo-ry will
I not give to
an-oth-er, nor
my praise to
grav-en imag-es."

偶於我我付之我耶乃神 像雕必之於榮名和耶云拜一第 刻不頌他必也,華和〇偶課五 之付美人不我乃華,我像論十

- 2. "Thou shalt have no oth-er Gods be-fore me."
- 3. "Thou shalt not make un-to thee any graven im-age, or any like-ness of any thing that is in heaven a-bove, or that is in the earth be-neath, or that is in the wa-ter un-der the earth: thou shalt not bow down thy-self to them, nor serve them: for I the Lord thy God am a jeal-ous God, vis-it-ing the iniq-ui-ty of the fath-ers up-on the chil-dren un-to the third and fourth gen-er-a-tion of them that hate me; and show-ing mer-cy un-to thou-sands of them that love me and keep my com-mand-ments."

而 躲、 孫 乃 册 水 爾 我 守 至 嫉 服 中、 彷 毋 之 惡 妒 事 爲 外 我 所 彿 之。 之 誡 我 有 己 爾 在 者 꺠、 촒 者、 雕 者、 上 毋 則 討 我 爾 天、 刻 别 夋 聊 偶 施 毋 下 有 四 风 之 和 俯 地、 像、 神 代 罪、 與 至 華、 伏 或 庘 於 惟 及 爾 地 作 之 之 其 下 諸 愛 亦 7 我 子 퀢、

- 4. The gods of the hea-then are i-dols, but Je-hoval made the heav-ens.
- 5. I-dols are false gods, which are made of wood, They are the work of stone, gold, and sil-ver. men's hands.
- 6. They have mouths, but they speak not: eyes have they, but they see not. They have ears, but they hear not: nos-es have they, but they smell not. They have hands, but they han-dle not: feet have they, but they walk not; neith-er speak they through their throat.
- 7. They that make them are like un-to them; so is ev-er-y one that trust-eth in them.

而 全是人手造 而 能 而 不 能

Thou, I

LESSON LII.

said	日	want	要,缺乏
de-sire	欲, 愛	any-thing	不論何物
past-ure	草苑	thanks-giv-	}祝謝
ev-er-last-in	g汞 遠	ing	S NOT BON
thoughts	念頭,心思	de-part	去,離
with-out	沒有	our-selves	我等自己
en-ter	入	thank-ful	感恩的
en-dur-eth	汞 存	a-the-ism	不信有神

A-THE-ISM.

- 1. The fool hath said in his heart: There is no God. God, is not in all his thoughts.
- 2. Know we that the Lord He is God: it is He that hath made us, and not we our-selves; we are His people, and the sheep of his past-ure.

			2		1		
其草苑之羊兮。	自造我儕乃其民乃	神造我者彼也非我	爾曹當知耶和華乃	凡其思念以爲無神	■番心中日無神○	信有神	第五十二課論不
	<i>,</i> ,	71	/ 1	7117	\ <i>J</i>		71.

- 3. Fools die for want of wis-dom. They say un-to God: De-part from us; for we de-sire not the knowl-edge of thy ways. They say: Who is the Lord that I should o-bey His voice. But there is a God. All things were made by Him, and with-out Him was not any-thing made that was made.
- 4. En-ter in-to His gates with thanks-giv-ing, and in-to His courts with praise: be thank-ful un-to Him and bless His name. For the Lord is good; His mer-cy is ev-er-last-ing; and His truth en-dur-eth to all gen-er-a-tions.

7

LESSON LIII.

·

per-formed	做,行	went	去了
mir-a-cles	神跡	re-buked	責成
might	可,能	stood	立,止步
healed	痊愈	brought	携來
raised	復甦	wilt	欲,想
meant	意思	re-ceive	接收
beg-ging	乞	faith	信德
mul-ti-tude	羣 衆	saved	梭了
pass	經過	cried	呼叫
asked	問	say-ing	日
com-mand-ed	命令	told	說日
pass-eth	過去	re-ceived	得,領受
im-med-i-ate	}卽刻,遂	fol-lowed	跟從
ly	人 Eh 为h 海	gave	予
hold his peace	緘默	glo-ri-fy-ing	讚榮

BLIND MAN HEALED.

1. When Je-sus Christ was on the earth, he per-formed ma-ny mir-a-cles, that all peo-ple might know that he was God, and that what he said was true.



- 2. He healed the sick, the lame, and the blind, the deaf and the dumb, and raised the dead to life.
- 3. Once, as he was come nigh un-to Jer-i-cho, a cer-tain blind man sat by the way-side beg-ging. And hear-ing the mul-ti-tude pass by, he asked what it And they told him, that Je-sus of Na-zameant. reth pass-eth by. And he cried, say-ing, Je-sus, thou Son of Da-vid, have mer-cy on me.

			3		2		1	
者	0	於	有	死〉	彼	彼	聊	
呼	衆	道		者	醫	乃	無	第一
日、	目,	旁	日	復	病	꺠、	在	五 上
大	拿	丽	彼	生	者	所	世	十三
闢	撒	乞	近	0	跋〉	講	時、	課
之	勒	\bigcirc	聊		者	者	多	瞽
裔	人	聞	利		瞽	確×	行	人
聊	聊	衆	哥、		者、	眞	神	得
穌	鯀	經	有		亞)	0	跡	愈
乎、	過	過			者		使	
矜	也	間	瞽)		哑)		衆	
神	\bigcirc	其	者		者、		人	
我。	瞽	故	坐		使		知	

- 4. And they which went be-fore re-buked him, that he should hold his peace; but he cried so much the more, Thou Son of Da-vid, have mer-cy on me.
- 5. And Je-sus stood, and com-mand-ed him to be brought un-to Him: and when he was come near, He asked him, say-ing, What wilt thou that I shall do un-to thee? And he said, Lord, that I may receive my sight. And Je-sus said un-to him, Receive thy sight: thy faith hath saved thee.
- 6. And im-med-i-ate-ly he re-ceived his sight, and fol-lowed Him, glo-ri-fy-ing God: and all the peo-ple, when they saw it, gave praise un-to God.

4 前行者斥之使緘默彼愈呼日大關之裔於恤我。 關之裔於恤我。 關之裔於恤我。 見○耶無謂之日今可得見爾信見○耶無謂之日今可得見爾信息爾。

x My com

LESSON LIV.

took	取了	lodge	投 宿
dis-ci-ples	門徒	vict-uals	食物
a-side	背地裡潛	loaves	麵飽,餅
des-ert	荒野	ex-cept	若不
knew	/ A1	buy	買,市
spake	日	by fif-ties	每列五十
heal-ing	殿	look-ing	仰望
day	日	brake	擘
wear a-way	甫昃	frag-ments	餘屑 零碎
come	來	re-mained	餘剰
coun-try	鄉村	bask-ets	筐, 籃

MIRACLE OF FIVE LOAVES AND TWO FISHES.



1. Once Je-sus took His dis-ci-ples a-side in-to a des-ert place. And the peo-ple, when they knew it, fol-lowed Him: and He re-ceived them, and spake un-to them of the king-dom of God, and healed them that had need of heal-ing.

- 2. And when the day be-gan to wear a-way, then came the twelve, and said un-to Him, Send the multi-tude a-way, that they may go in-to the towns and coun-try round a-bout, and lodge, and get vict-uals: for we are here in a des-ert place.
- 3. But He said un-to them, Give ye them to eat. And they said, We have no more but five loaves and two fish-es; ex-cept we should go and buy meat for all this peo-ple.

「無簽衆」其之論及神國凡需醫者醫之。「一日耶穌携門徒潛往野處○衆知則隨之

有

4. For they were a-bout five thou-sand men. And He said to His dis-ci-ples, Make them sit down by fifties in a com-pa-ny. And they did so, and made them all sit down.

·

- 5. Then He took the five loaves and the two fish-es, and, look-ing up to heav-en, He blessed them, and brake, and gave to the dis-ci-ples to set be-fore the mul-ti-tude.
- 6. And they did eat, and were all filled; and there was taken up of frag-ments that re-mained to them twelve bask-ets.

	6		5				4
筐	皆	擘	聊	坐	+	謂	蓋
. •	食	m	穌	0	\bigcirc	門	其
•	而	子	取		門	徒	人
	飽、	門	五		徒	日.	約
	拾	徒、	餅		如	使	有
	其	使	=		是	衆	五 .
	餘	陳	魚、		行	列	千
	屑	於	仰		之、	坐、	焉
	盈	衆	天		遂	毎	\bigcirc
	十	0	祝		使	列	聊
	_		之		衆	五	穌

LESSON LV.

be-hold	視 哉	bare	裸,舁
on-ly	單獨	stood still	止步
wid-ow	寡 婦	a-rise	起
com-pas-sion	□ 矜 憫	glo-ri-fied	歸 榮
weep	哭	proph-et	預言者
touched	桉	ris-en	典 復甦了
bier	槻 棺材架	a-mong	中在內
de-liv-ered t	• 交 與	vis-it-ed	探,顧

WIDOW'S SON RAISED TO LIFE.

- 1. Christ once went in-to a cit-y called Nain; and many of His dis-ci-ples went with Him, and much peo-ple.
- 2. Now when He came nigh to the gate of the cit-y, be-hold, there was a dead man car-ried out, the on-ly son of his moth-er, and she was a wid-ow: and much peo-ple of the cit-y was with her.
- 3. And when the Lord saw her, He had com-passion on her, and said un-to her, Weep not.

4. And He came and touched the bier; and they that bare him stood still. And He said, Young man, I say un-to thee, A-rise.

......

- 5. And he that was dead sat up, and be-gan to speak. And He de-liv-ered him to his moth-er.
- 6. And there came a fear on all: and they glo-ri-fied God, say-ing, That a great prophet is ris-en up a-mong us; and, That God hath vis-it-ed his peo-ple.



LESSON LVI

shep-herd 牧羊者 do-ing com-fort-ed sor-row-ing helped teach-ing doc-trine 消 理 公衆前 pub-lic-ly 屋,家 house par-a-bles 比喻 some-times 有時 com-pared Ek

him-self giv-eth 僱工者 hire-ling 屬於己 whose own se-eth wolf 计狠 leav-eth fle-eth 躲避,逃 catch-eth scat-ter-eth car-eth 屬我者 mine

JESUS THE GOOD SHEPHERD.



1. Our Sav-iour while on the earth was al-ways do-ing good. He not on-ly healed the sick, com-fort-ed the sor-rowing, and helped the poor; but was con-tin-u-ally teach-ing good doc-

trine, both pub-lic-ly, and from house to house.

或或善者,者,安獨善世我 於於道亦助慰醫事時被 牧無六第 諸衆教常貧憂病〇常主 者為課五 家前,訓,以窮悶者,不行在 善期十

- 2. He taught ma-ny things by par-a-bles. He sometimes com-pared him-self to a shep-herd. He said, I am the good shep-herd: the good shep-herd giv-eth his life for the sheep.
- 3. But he that is a hire-ling, and not the shep-herd, whose own the sheep are not, se-eth the wolf com-ing, leav-eth the sheep, and fle-eth; and the wolf catcheth them, and scat-ter-eth the sheep.
- 4. The hire-ling fle-eth, be-cause he is a hire-ling, and car-eth not for the sheep.
- 5. I am the good shep-herd, and know my sheep, and am know of mine.

* 非爲牧者而爲傭者羊不屬於己也見狼至遂棄羊而逃則狼攫羊也見狼至遂棄羊而逃則狼攫羊而散之矣。

「我乃善牧者而爲傭者羊不屬於己,

放羊者云我乃善牧者善枚8分用比喻多端教訓○有時以6

LESSON LVII.

com-pares	比	com-fort	慰
psalm	詩	pre-par-est	預備
mak-eth	使	ta-ble	席棹子
lead-eth	引	pres-ence	在,面前
be-side	側,邊	en-e-mies	敵者
re-stor-eth	復還,蘇	a-noint-est	沃, 傅油
right-e-ous-) *	oil	油,膏
ness	} 我	run-neth	走
sake	用 爲	runneth ove	r溢
yea	是然	sure-ly	實
shad-ow	蔭	good-ness	善、恩寵
art	是,係,乃	fol-low	隋
staff	杖		

THE LORD OUR SHEPHERD.

- 1. In the Old Tes-ta-ment, al-so, the Lord compares him-self to a shep-herd, and His peo-ple to the sheep of His past-ure.
 - 2. In the twen-ty third psalm we read:

- 3. The Lord is my shepherd; I shall not want. He maketh me to lie down in green past-ures: He lead-eth me beside the still wa-ters. He re-stor-eth my soul: He lead-eth me in the paths of right-e-ous-ness for His name's sake.
- 4. Yea, though I walk through the val-ley of the shad-ow of death, I will fear no e-vil: for thou art with me; thy rod and thy staff they com-fort me.
- 5. Thou pre-par-est a ta-ble be-fore me in the presence of mine en-e-mies: thou a-noint-est my head with oil; my cup run-neth o-ver.
- 6. Sure-ly good-ness and mer-cy shall fol-low me all the days of my life: and I will dwell in the house of the Lord for-ev-er.

。即和華爲我之牧者我不致匱乏兮○ 使我臥於茂苑引我至得憩息之水濱 兮○彼使我靈復蘇爲其名導我行於 養路兮。 爾必偕我爾杖爾梃必慰我兮。 賴必偕我爾杖爾梃必慰我兮。 我首我虧溢兮。 我在生之諸日惟恩寵與矜恤隨我兮。 我将居於耶和華之室迄於永遠兮。

LESSON LVIII

fain gone bel-ly a-stray fold hired for-give 赦 back spare a-gain por-tion 份 goods di-vid-ed分 fell jour-ney 行程 joined neckkissed fields 田地 ring feed shoes swine fall-eth young-er prod-i-gal enough and to spare 整便, 原意 read-v 生者,產業 liv-ing to-geth-er: 老, 华 長 eld-er 整音,無恙 sound en-treat-ed trans-gressed 違 命 hast

fat-ted 肚腹 calf kill e-nough 足 用 mer-ry a-live fam-ine 餘 lost ri-ot-ous]良 heard hun-ger 飢 餓 mu-sic worth-y 坦 killed an-gry lo! gav-est 戒指 friends N har-lots 娼 妓 wan-dcred moet ` hith-cr an-swer-ing 答對 take back 取同 a-gainst 於,對,逆 drew near 吞嘰,花耗 de-voured 豆 莢 壳 husks \mathbf{robe} gath-ered danc-ing

PRODIGAL SON.



- 1. We are all sinners, and have wandered from God like sheep that have gone a-stray from the fold; but God is ready to for-give, and take us back again.
- 2. To show how

read-y God is to for-give, Je-sus gave us the par-a-ble of the prod-i-gal son.

3. A cer-tain man had two sons: and the young-er of them said to his fath-er, Fath-er, give me the por-tion of goods that fall-eth to me. And he divid-ed un-to them his liv-ing.

第五十八課論蕩子 神流落如同羊離了羊圈神流落如同羊離了羊圈神流落如同羊離了羊圈 再迎接我們。 再迎接我們。 那為子之比喻。 少歟以所當得之業分我 父歟以所當得之業分我

- 4. And not ma-ny days aft-er the young-er son gath-ered all to-geth-er, and took his jour-ney in-to a far coun-try, and there wast-ed his sub-stance with ri-ot-ous liv-ing. And when he had spent all, there a-rose a might-y fam-ine in that land; and he began to be in want.
- 5. And he went and joined him-self to a cit-i-zen of that coun-try; and he sent him in-to his fields to feed swine. And he would fain have filled his belly with the husks that the swine did eat: and no man gave un-to him.
- 6. And when he came to him-self, he said: How ma-ny hired serv-ants of my fath-er's have bread e-nough and to spare, and I per-ish with hun-ger.

4後無幾日季子盡拾分資遠遊異地在彼無度浪廢其業○盡耗一切其地大饑始覺空乏。

「然往投其地一民乃遣之於田牧
不○欲以豕所食之豆莢果腹無
人子之也。
人子之也。

権有餘我乃飢而死矣。

- 7. I will a-rise and go to my fath-er, and will say un-to him, Fath-er, I have sinned a-gainst heav-en and be-fore thee, and am no more wor-thy to be call-ed thy son: make me as one of thy hired serv-ants.
- 8. And he a-rose, and came to his fath-er. But when he was yet a great way off, his fath-er saw him, and had com-pas-sion, and ran, and fell on his neck, and kissed him.
- 9. And the son said un-to him, Fath-er, I have sinned a-gainst heav-en, and in thy sight, and am no more wor-thy to be call-ed thy son.

7 我將起而歸父謂之曰、父歟我獲罪於天及於爾前今而後不堪稱爲爾 於天及於爾前今而後不堪稱爲爾 於是起而歸父○相去尙遠父見之 乃憫之焉趨前抱其頸而接吻。 前今而後不堪稱爲爾

- 10. But the fath-er said to his serv-ants, Bring forth the best robe, and put it on him; and put a ring on his hand, and shoes on his feet: and bring hith-er the fat-ted calf, and kill it; and let us eat and be mer-ry: for this my son was dead, and is a-live a-gain; he was lost, and is found. And they be-gan to be mer-ry.
- 11. Now his eld-er son was in the field: and as he came and drew nigh to the house, he heard mu-sic and danc-ing. And he called one of the serv-ants, and asked what these things meant. And he said un-to him, Thy broth-er is come; and thy fath-er hath killed the fat-ted calf, be-cause he hath re-ceived him safe and sound.

10 11 宰之我儕可食 僕、問 而 肥 此

12. And he was an-gry, and would not go in: therefore came his fath-er out, and en-treat-ed him.

......

- 13. And he an-swer-ing said to his fath-er, Lo, these ma-ny years do I serve thee, neith-er transgressed I at any time thy com-mand-ment; and yet thou nev-er gav-est me a kid, that I might make mer-ry with my friends: but as soon as this thy son was come, which hath de-voured thy liv-ing with har-lots, thou hast killed for him the fat-ted calf.
- 14. And he said un-to him, Son thou art ever with me, and all that I have is thine. It was meet that we should make mer-ry and be glad: for this thy broth-er was dead, and is a-live a-gain; and was lost, and is found.

12 長子遂怒而不肯入父出勸之。 命乃未嘗以一羔賜我俾我與友 命乃未嘗以一羔賜我俾我與友 者其至則爲之宰肥懷也。 者皆屬於爾○惟爾此弟死而復 者皆屬於爾○惟爾此弟死而復

LESSON LIX.

vir-gins	童女	trimmed	整齊
re-pent	悔罪	an-swered	答日
be-come	爲化爲成	lest	恐怕
pre-pared	齊 備	rath-er	寕 可
lik-ened	比	sell	賣
bride-groom	新郎	your-selves	爾自己
fool-ish	愚	mar-riage	婚姻,婚筵
ves-sels	器具	\mathbf{door}	門
tar-ried	等待 稽遲	shut	閉
slum-bered	寐	aft-er-ward	在後斯後
\mathbf{slept}	睡	ver-i-ly	誠實
mid-night	中夜	watch	儆醒
com-eth	來		, '

PARABLE OF THE TEN VIRGINS.

1. In order to show us that we ought immed-i-ate-ly to repent, and be-come the dis-ci-ples of Christ, and be al-ways prepared to die; Je-sus spake this par-a-ble.



2. Then shall the king-dom of heav-en be lik-ened un-to ten vir-gins, which took their lamps, and went forth to meet the bride-groom.

- 3. And five of them were wise, and five were foolish. They that were fool-ish took their lamps, and took no oil with them: but the wise took oil in their ves-sels with their lamps.
- 4. While the bride-groom tar-ried, they all slumbered and slept. And at mid-night there was a cry made, Be-hold, the bride-groom com-eth; go ye out to meet him.

1 即無因為要教訓我們該當立刻悔改作基督公門徒預備無論何時死就用這個比喩說。
2 是時天國可比童女十人執燈出迎新娶者。
3 其中愚五智五○愚者執燈不兼取油惟智者執燈兼取油於器。
營兼取油於器。
者至矣爾出迎之

.....

- 5. Then all those vir-gins a-rose, and trimmed their lamps. And the fool-ish said un-to the wise, Give us of your oil; for our lamps are gone out. But the wise an-swered, say-ing, Not so; lest there be not e-nough for us and you: but go ye rath-er to them that sell, and buy for your-selves.
- 6. And while they went to buy, the bride-groom came; and they that were read-y went in with him to the mar-riage: and the door was shut.
- 7. Aft-er-ward came al-so the oth-er vir-gins, saying, Lord, Lord, o-pen to us. But he an-swered and said, Ver-i-ly I say un-to you, I know you not.
- 8. Watch there-fore; for ye know neith-er the day nor the hour where-in the Son of man com-eth.

5時此童女皆起而整其燈○愚者遂謂智者曰以爾油分於我蓋我燈熄壽。 矣○智者答曰恐不足爲爾我偕用爾寧就賣者爲己買爾寧就賣者爲己買 「斯後其餘童女亦至云主也主也爲 我啓○答曰我誠告爾我不識爾矣。 是以當儆醒蓋爾不知何日何時人 子至也。

LESSON LX

of-fer 送,應 許 cool par-don tor-ment-ed clothed flame pur-ple re-mem-ber lin-en life-time un-changefine lin-en fared 有食用 a-ble re-ceiv-edst 得, 受 sumpt-u-ouslike-wise ly 乞丐者 be-tween beg-gar named 稇 gulf laid hence 從此 de-sir-ing thence 從 彼 crumbs would-est 叉, 况且 more-o-ver breth-ren 兄 弟 licked tes-ti-fy 做 讚 bo-som saith 葬 理 了 bur-ied nay per-suad-ed 要 勸 lift-ed 起,復生 tor-ments rose a-far

RICH MAN AND LAZARUS.

1. To show that af-ter death there will be no of-fer of par-don, but that the state of the dead is unchange-a-ble, Je-sus spake this par-a-ble say-ing:

- 2. There was a cer-tain rich man, which was clothed in pur-ple and fine lin-en, and fared sumpt-u-ous-ly ev-er-y day: and there was a cer-tain beg-gar named Laz-ar-us, which was laid at his gate full of sores, and de-sir-ing to be fed with the crumbs which fell from the rich man's ta-ble: moreo-v-er the dogs came and licked his sores.
- 3. And it came to pass, that the beg-gar died, and was car-ried by the an-gels in-to A-bra-ham's bo-som: the rich man al-so died, and was bur-ied; and in hell he lift-ed up his eyes, be-ing in tor-ments, and se-eth A-bra-ham a-far off, and Laz-ar-us in his bo-som.

喩 說

死天 扶 加 間

4. And he cried and said, Fath-er A-bra-ham, have mer-cy on me, and send Laz-ar-us, that he may dip the tip of his fin-ger in wa-ter, and cool my tongue; for I am tor-ment-ed in this flame.

5. But A-bra-ham said, Son, re-mem-ber that thou in thy life-time re-ceiv-edst thy good things, and like-wise Laz-ar-us e-vil things; but now he is comfort-ed, and thou art tor-ment-ed. And be-side all this, be-tween us and you there is a great gulf fixed: so that they which would pass from hence to you can-not; neith-er can they pass to us, that would come from thence.

▲ 遂呼日我祖亞伯拉罕乎矜恤我遺 此火隊中苦甚。 此火隊中苦甚。 此火隊中苦甚。 解受苦○不第此也爾我間限以巨 關受苦○不第此也爾我間限以巨

- 6. Then he said, I pray thee there-fore, fath-er, that thou wouldest send him to my fath-er's house: for I have five breth-ren; that he may tes-ti-fy un-to them, lest they al-so come in-to this place of torment.
- 7. A-bra-ham saith un-to him, They have Mo-ses and the prophets; let them hear them.
- 8. And he said, Nay, fath-er A-bra-ham: but if one went un-to them from the dead, they will re-pent.
- 9. And he said un-to him, If they hear not Mo-ses and the prophets, neith-er will they be per-suad-ed, though one rose from the dead.

生之人其亦不受勸矣。	9日不聽摩西與預言者縱有由死復	死中就之則彼必悔改矣。	8 日非然也祖亞伯拉罕乎若有人由	聽之。	- 亞伯拉罕曰彼有摩西及預言者可	免其亦來此痛苦處。	家蓋我有兄弟五令拉撒路爲之證	。對日若是則求祖遣拉撤路往我沒
------------	-----------------	-------------	------------------	-----	------------------	-----------	----------------	-----------------

LESSON LXI

be-came	成為	be-trayed	賣了
hav-ing	有	suf-fered	受苦難
con-ceived	懷了孕	a-tone	贖
womb	胎	as-cend-ed	昇上
na-tures	性	liv-eth	生
cru-ci-fied	釘在十字	plead	求
or u =01=110a,	架	raise	提起,使死
hun-gry	肚飢	14450	者復生
dev-ils	惡鬼	gath-er	聚 集
al-lowed	准,任由	judged	審了

JESUS CHRIST, THE SON OF GOD.

1. Je-sus Christ, the Son of God, be-came man, that he might be our Sav-iour. Hav-ing al-ways been God, he be-came man by be-ing con-ceived by the Ho-ly Ghost in the womb of the Vir-gin Ma-ry, and born of her yet with-out sin; thus had he two na-tures in one per-son.

無基督是神之子 師之子耶穌基督為 一种之子耶穌基督為 一人特意要作我們的 校主 ()他無始旣神 女馬利亞由聖靈懷 孕而生之亦復無罪 學而生之亦復無罪

- 2. While on the earth, he went a-bout do-ing good. He taught the peo-ple, fed the hun-gry, healed the sick, cast out dev-ils, and raised the dead.
- 3. When the full time had come, he al-lowed himself to be be-trayed and cru-ci-fied. He suf-fered and died to a-tone for our sins. He was bur-ied. On the third day he a-rose from the dead. Af-ter for-ty days, he a-gain as-cend-ed in-to heav-en, where he ev-er liv-eth to plead for his peo-ple.

祈禱 時候已到自己任由人賣 他受苦而 |天堂在此永生代所屬之人 第三日由死復生 死因要贖我等之罪 他而 且釘

4. At the end of the world he will come a-gain to raise the dead, and gath-er all be-fore him to be judged.

受集 甦 衆 臨 日 到世 審 在 萬 死 世 他 必 界 間 必 界 前 齊 復 使 再 末



LESSON LXII

.....

hu-man race 人類	right 右便
both (兩個,	left 左便
∂彼此皆	in-her-it 嗣
ranks 人之等	foun-da-tion 基, 始初
pun-ish-ment 刑	curs-ed 受詛
sep-ar-ate 區別	con-di-tions 光景
di-vid-eth 分開	e-ter-nal

THE END OF THE WORLD.

- 1. At the end of the world, Christ will come a-gain in great pow-er and glo-ry.
- 2. He will raise all the dead to life; and all the hu-man race, both the liv-ing, and all that ev-er have lived, of all ag-es, all ranks and con-di-tions, shall be gath-ered be-fore him.

				2		1	
聚集。	樣景況之人必在其面前	並各等年紀各等品級各	或現今活者或昔日活者	他使萬死者復活凡人類	大榮必再降臨。	到世之末日基督以大權	第六十二課論世界末

3. He will then sep-ar-ate the good from the bad, as a shep-herd di-vid-eth his sheep from the goats. He will place the sheep on his right hand, and the goats on his left.

- 4. To those on his right hand he will say: Come ye bless-ed of my Fath-er in-her-it the king-dom pre-pared for you from the foun-da-tion of the world.
- 5. To those on his left hand he will say: De-part from me ye curs-ed in-to ev-er-last-ing fire pre-pared for the dev-il and his an-gels. And these shall go a-way in-to ev-er-last-ing pun-ish-ment: but the right-e-ous in-to life e-ter-nal.

*被是時必區別善惡猶牧者別綿羊 *被將謂在右者云我父所祝者來嗣 創世以來爲爾所備之國。 八永火乃爲魔鬼及其使者而備者 八永火乃爲魔鬼及其使者而備者 八永火乃爲魔鬼及其使者而備者 八永火乃爲魔鬼及其使者而備者

LESSON LXIII.

loved	愛	de-sir-eth	欲		
be-got-ten	生了	health	康	寕	
who-so-ev-er	不論是誰	de-fends	保	護	
be-liev-eth	信	breath	呼	吸之氣	ĵ
${f shown}$	指示了	in-fin-ite	無	限	
giv-ing	賜,子	bless-ed-ness	萬	福	
fruit-ful	豐盛	ac-cept	領」	收	
sup-plied	齊備了				

THE LOVE OF GOD.

- 1. God is love. God so loved the world that he gave his on-ly be-got-ten Son, that who-so-ev-er believ-eth in him should not per-ish, but have ev-er-last-ing life.
- 2. The kind-ness of God is shown in giv-ing rain from heav-en, and fruit-ful sea-sons, so that the wants of men and beasts are all sup-plied.

- 3. God gives us health, he de-fends us by day and guards us by night. Ev-er-v breath is his gift. gives us friends and all the com-forts of life.
- 4. God de-sir-eth not the death of any, but rath-er that all would turn and live.
- 5. Be-cause God loves us, he has pre-pared a place of in-fin-ite and e-ter-nal bless-ed-ness, and he desires us all to ac-cept it.
- 6. If God so loves us, then sure-ly we ought to love him with all our heart; and if we love him, we will keep his com-mand-ments.

6 生。 地 我們衆人領

LESSON LXIV.

means
by no means
clear
guilt-y
trans-gresssion
con-fess
faith-ful
just
un-right-eous-ness
cleanse

On forgiveness.

- 1. We may ask God to for-give us our debts as we for-give our debt-ors.
- 2. If we for-give men their tres-pass-es our heaven-ly Fath-er will al-so for-give us: but if we for-give not men their tres-pass-ès, neith-er will our Fath-er for-give our tres-pass-es.

第六十四課 和養可求神免 我質如我等克 人之欠質。 人之欠質。 人之欠質。 人之次質。 人之次質。 之過但我等若 之過但我等若 之過不免人之過天 交必不免我

- 3. The Lord de-light-eth in mer-cy. He says to us: Though your sins be as scar-let, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crim-son, they shall be as wool.
- 4. He is the Lord God, mer-ci-ful and gra-cious, long-suf-fer-ing and a-bun-dant in good-ness and truth, keep-ing mer-cy for thou-sands, for-giv-ing in-iq-ui-ty and trans-gres-sion and sin; and that will by no means clear the guilt-y.
- 5. If we con-fess our sins, he is faith-ful and just to for-give us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unright-e-ous-ness.

3 即和華悅於矜恤()語我等云廟之罪 雖若赤色必將白如雪雖紅如丹顏必 雖若赤色必將白如雪雖紅如丹顏必 將如羊毛。 野恤與真實恩存於千世赦愆與過與 罪惟不悔改斷然不肯永釋者。 非惟不悔改斷然不肯永釋者。 我諸不義矣。

LESSON LXV.

re-lieve 助, 伸 suf-fer 受,被 be-lieve 信 o-pened 開了 e-ven wrath ly-ing prof-it 利益 說 謊 eat-ers guile 詐 偽 flesh lose wick-ed en-e-my 音文 \mathbf{knock} cho-sen 被簡 thirst-y cre-ate 創造 boast drink re-new know-est 411 re-joice 忻 喜 re-move per-fect 全,成 mourn 息 van-i-ty 居 pleas-ure快樂 de-spise 郵 忽 steal an-swer 答 pride hon-est 端莊 turn-eth 輔 go-eth en-tered 🔨 haugh-ty**债** train molt-en 鑄的 child tru-ly soft 婉, 軟 真正 pov-er-ty **全**多 short de-light **歡 悅** op-pressed 被屈者 rest-eth o-ver-come drunk-ard 必如是 glut-ton e-ven so a-bom-in-adrow-si-ness 眼 脑 tion glad-ness speak-ing ex-pec-ta-說 話 in-struc-tion 教 訓 tion au-thor-i-ty 秉 權 turn-eth away wrath beareth rule 執 政 de-struc-tion 敗 壤 stir heav-i-ness 重者, 显愁 be-hold-ing wine-bib-bers 嗜 洒 者 turn-ing

whole 可愛的 love-lv worthy of ac-創造主 Cre-ator cep-ta-tion 幼年時 youth med-i-ta-tion 懷 va-ri-a-bleac-cept-a-ble 合意 ness Re-deem-er 贖者 Script-ure con-ven-ient 便, 合宜 pre-cepts de-ny 不認,不允 交易,待.行 deal vain 庸,妄稱

SCRIPTURE PRECEPTS.

- 1. Cease to do e-vil.
- 2. Learn to do well.
- 3. Re-lieve the op-pressed.
- 4. Trust in the Lord, and do good.
- 5. O-ver-come e-vil with good.
- 6. All things what-so-ev-er ye would that men should do to you, do ye e-ven so to them.

	6	5	4	3	2			
者爾必如是施諸人。	爾凡所欲人施諸己	乃以善克惡焉。	當賴耶和華而行善。	於被屈者伸之。	學行善。	宜罷於行惡。	集言	第六十五課聖書

- 7. Ly-ing lips are a-bom-in-a-tion to the Lord: but they that deal tru-ly are his de-light.
 - 8. Keep thy tongue from e-vil, and thy lips from speak-ing guile.
 - 9. A fool de-spis-eth his fath-er's in-struc-tion.
 - 10. En-ter not in-to the path of the wick-ed, and go not in the way of e-vil men.
 - 11. A good name is rath-er to be cho-sen than great rich-es.
 - 12. A soft an-swer turn-eth a-way wrath: but griev-ous words stir up an-ger.
 - 13. An-ger rest-eth in the bo-som of fools.
 - 14. An i-dle soul shall suf-fer hun-ger.

7 謊唇乃耶和華所惡行真者乃世 所悅。 8 宜禁爾舌於惡禁爾唇於言偽 9 愚者藐其父之訓。 9 愚者藐其父之訓。 1 寧簡嘉名愈於大財。 1 寧簡嘉名愈於大財。 1 衛答息忿厲言激怒。



- 15. Be not a-mong wine-bib-bers; a-mong ri-ot-ous eat-ers of flesh: for the drunk-ard and the glut-ton shall come to pov-er-ty: and drow-si-ness shall clothe a man with rags.
- 16. If thine en-e-my be hun-gry, give him bread to eat: and if he be thirst-y, give him wa-ter to drink.
- 17. The hope of the right-e-ous shall be glad-ness: but the ex-pec-ta-tion of the wick-ed shall per-ish.

15 沉湎於酒者饕餮 於肉者爾毋在其 中蓋沉湎饕餮者 必致人衣般衣。 飼之若渴則以休 餘之。 都老之翼乃樂惡 者之望必敗亡。

- 18. When the right-e-ous are in au-thor-i-ty, the peo-ple re-joice: but when the wick-ed bear-eth rule, the peo-ple mourn.
- 19. The fear of the Lord is the be-gin-ning of knowl-edge: but fools de-spise wis-dom and in-struction.
- 20. Be not wise in thine own eyes: fear the Lord, and de-part from e-vil.
- 21. Pride go-eth be-fore de-struc-tion, and a haughty spir-it be-fore a fall.
- 22. A wise son mak-eth a glad fath-er: but a foolish son is the heav-i-ness of his moth-er.
- 23. Train up a child in the way he should go: and when he is old, he will not de-part from it.

亦必不離之。	ឱ養子俾其行當行之途則其於老時	22 智子令父樂愚子爲母之憂。	11傲先於敗驕先於傾跌。	20毋恃己爲智宜畏耶和華而離於惡。	人藐智慧與訓焉。	9 畏耶和華之寅畏乃知識之本惟愚	自憂	≊義人在位則民喜樂惡人秉權則民
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- 24. God is a spir-it: and they that wor-ship him, must wor-ship him in spir-it and in truth.
- 25. The eyes of the Lord are in ev-er-y place, behold-ing the e-vil and the good.
- 26. All have sin-ned, and come short of the glo-ry of God.
- 27. This is a faith-ful say-ing, and worth-y of all ac-cep-ta-tion, that Je-sus Christ came in-to the world to save sin-ners; of whom I am chief.
 - 28. Ex-cept ye re-pent, ye shall all like-wise per-ish.
- 29. Be-lieve on the Lord Je-sus Christ, and thou shalt be saved.
- 30. Ask, and it shall be giv-en you; seek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be o-pened un-to you.

- 31. What shall it prof-it a man, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own soul.
 - 32. Christ says: I am the way, the truth, and the life.
- 33. Je-sus says: Be-hold I stand at the door, and knock: if any man hear my voice, and o-pen the door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and he with me.
- 34. Let the words of my mouth, and the med-i-tation of my heart, be ac-cept-a-ble in thy sight, O Lord, my strength, and my Re-deem-er.
- 35. Cre-ate in me a clean heart, O God; and renew a right spir-it with-in me.

35 神 聊 闢 彼 督云我即途 若獲全地 心所念於爾 我作一潔净之心新作 而失其牛 也、 前 真也生命 前 而 則見納 胛 必 也 正 所 而

- 36. Re-move far from me van-i-ty and lies; give me neith-er pov-er-ty nor rich-es; feed me with food con-ven-ient for me: Lest I be full, and de-ny thee, and say, Who is the Lord? or lest I be poor, and steal, and take the name of my God in vain.
 - 37. What-so-ev-er things are true,
 What-so-ev-er things are hon-est,
 What-so-ev-er things are just,
 What-so-ev-er things are pure,
 What-so-ev-er things are love-ly,
 What-so-ev-er things are of good report,
 Think on these things.

37

86

· 高龍或為 健食我恐我

而腐味



38. Re-mem-ber now thy Cre-a-tor in the days of thy youth, while the e-vil days come not, nor the years draw nigh, when thou shalt say, I have no pleas-ure in them.

矣。 爾宜於幼時 之日、而記憶 本未伊爾者即息 之先而其年 之先而其年 之先而其年 之先而其年 39. The Script-ure saith: Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neith-er have en-tered in-to the heart of man, the things which God hath pre-pared for them that love him.

- 40. Ye shall fear ev-er-y man his moth-er, and his fath-er, and keep my Sab-baths: I am the Lord your God. Turn ye not un-to i-dols, nor make to your-selves molt-en gods: I am the Lord your God.
- 41. Boast not thy-self of to-mor-row; for thou know-est not what a day may bring forth.
- 42. Ev-er-y good gift and ev-er-y per-fect gift is from a-bove, and com-eth down from the Fath-er of lights, with whom is no va-ri-a-ble-ness, neith-er shad-ow of turn-ing.

39聖書云神爲愛之者所預備之事目 未見耳未聞亦未入於人心。 是日我乃即和華爾之神○爾曹母 島日我乃即和華爾之神○爾曹毋 歸於偽神亦毋鑄諸神我乃即和華爾之神 爾之神 獨一事。 遇何事。

LESSON LXVI.

第六十六課

Al-might-y 全能 hal-low-ed 成聖 造化者 行, 托, 犯 mak-er com-mit 降臨 de-scend-ed a-dul-ter-y 姦淫 sit-teth res-ur-rec-復活 快生者 quick tion cath-o-lic 公台 賀, 儲 bear cath-o-lic wit-ness bear witness 作 証 church church 聖會 客旅,新客 stran-ger com-mun-ion 交通 相通 cov-et 聖徒 saints ass 心所願 dai-ly a-men guilt-less 無罪 temp-ta-tion 誘 萬 取, 用 tak-eth de-liv-er neigh-bor 鄰 人 creedwhere-fore 是 故 pray-er

THE CREED.

I be-lieve in God the Fath-er Al-might-y, Mak-er of heav-en and earth:

And in Je-sus Christ, his on-ly Son, our Lord, Who was con-ceived by the Ho-ly Ghost, Born of the vir-gin Ma-ry; Suf-fered un-der Pon-tius Pi-late, Was cru-ci-fied, dead and bur-ied; He de-scend-ed in-to hell; The third day he rose from the dead;

He as-cend-ed in-to heav-en, And sit-teth on the right hand of God the Fath-er Al-might-y; From thence he shall come to judge the quick and the dead.

I be-lieve in the Ho-ly Ghost; The ho-ly cath-o-lic church; The com-mun-ion of saints; The for-giveness of sins; The res-ur-rec-tion of the bod-y; And the life ev-er-last-ing. A-men.

死 真經 神、 H. 塟、 子耶 司, 之能降孕 穌 基 神 被重 判生 女 タヒ 能 者 者

TEN COMMANDMENTS.

1. Thou shalt have no oth-er gods be-fore me.

2. Thou shalt not make un-to thee any graven im-age, or any like-ness of any thing that is in heaven a-bove, or that is in the earth be-neath, or that is in the wa-ter un-der the earth: Thou shalt not bow down thy-self to them, nor serve them: for I the Lord thy God am a jeal-ous God, vis-it-ing the iniq-ui-ty of the fath-ers up-on the chil-dren un-to the third and fourth gen-er-a-tion of them that hate me; And show-ing mer-cy un-to thou-sands of them that love me, and keep my com-mand-ments.

1我之外爾毋別有神。 2爾毋爲己雕刻偶像或作諸形狀彷 在上天下地與地下之水中所有者 在上天下地與地下之水中所有者 研之神乃嫉妒之神討父之罪及其 孫至惡我者之三四代惟愛我而守 孫至惡我者之三四代惟愛我而守

爾

彿

3. Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain: for the Lord will not hold him guilt-less that tak-eth his name in vain.

·

4. Re-mem-ber the Sab-bath-day to keep it ho-ly. Six days shalt thou la-bor and do all thy work; But the sev-enth day is the Sab-bath of the Lord thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daugh-ter, thy man-serv-ant, nor thy maid-serv-ant, nor thy cat-tle, nor the stran-ger that is with-in thy gates: For in six days the Lord made heav-en and earth, the sea and all that in them is, and rest-ed the sev-enth day; where-fore the Lord blessed the Sab-bath-day and hal-low-ed it.

神 爾 門內者皆然蓋六日 聊 미 聊 字爾 ?誌安息日守之爲聖日○六日 地、 和華之安息是日毋作諸 勞而 和 華祝 海 聊 與 作爾之諸工第七日 和 安息日以之爲 爾 僕、 聊 萬物、 爾 和華之名蓋 婢 間 爾音 至 聊 日 和 及 華 旅 乃 工、 爾. 於

- 5. Hon-or thy fath-er and thy moth-er: that thy days may be long up-on the land which the Lord thy God giv-eth thee.
 - 6. Thou shalt not kill.
 - 7. Thou shalt not com-mit a-dul-ter-y.
 - 8. Thou shalt not steal.
- 9. Thou shalt not bear false wit-ness a-gainst thy neigh-bor.
- 10. Thou shalt not cover thy neighbor's house, thou shalt not cover thy neighbor's wife, nor his man-servant, nor his maid-servant nor his ox, nor his ass, nor any thing that is thy neighbor's.

10 8 8 7 6 爾毋殺人。和華所賜爾之地。和華所賜爾之地。 和華所賜爾之地。 和華所賜爾之地。 之妻與其僕其婢其牛其驢及凡 之妻與其僕其婢其牛其驢及凡

THE LORD'S PRAYER

Our Fath-er which art in heav-en, hal-low-ed be thy name. Thy king-dom come. Thy will be done on earth as it is in heav-en. Give us this day our dai-ly bread. And for-give us our debts as we for-give our debt-ors. And lead us not in-to tempta-tion, but de-liv-er us from e-vil. For thine is the king-dom, and the pow-er, and the glo-ry, for ev-er. A-men.

也權也榮也皆歸於爾爰及世世亞孟尤毋導我於謝惑乃扬我出於惡〇蓋國	日賜我○免我儕諸頁如我免頁我者○	得成在地如在天焉〇我儕所需之糧今	我父在天願爾名聖○爾國臨格○爾旨	
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LESSON LXVII.

ques-tions 間話 崇拜了 wor-ship-ed 技藝,機巧 art wo-man dust breath-ed 呼吸吹氣 本源 春天 spring man-kind turn-ed for-get ab-hor-rence 惡 drown-ed 死 wick-ed-ness drown-ing di-rect-ed 示 build-ing 造 ark sav-ing wives . 爬 creep-ing high-est 至高 moun-tain caused brok-en 破, 潰 裂 con-tin-ue al-most liv-ed

old-est com-mon or-i-gin dif-fer-ent 不同 spok-en del-uge tow-er mo-tives build-ing 起造 pleas-ing long-er 更人,更長 un-der-stand知識,懂得 sep-ar-at-ed 分 since ad-vent west-ern con-tin-ent suf-fer-ing ful-fil-led be-half be-liev-ing con-fess-ing 叡 for-sak-ing 離, 格 去 ac-cept-ing 迎接 com-mands a-ton-ed show-ed

QUESTIONS AND ANSRVERS.

1. How ma-ny Gods are there?

There is but one on-ly, the liv-ing and true God.

2. If there is but one God, why do we speak of God the Fath-er, of Je-sus Christ, and of the Ho-ly Ghost?

The Fath-er, the Son, and the Ho-ly Ghost, are three per-sons in one God; the same in sub-stance, e-qual in pow-er and glo-ry.

3. How ought God to be wor-ship-ed?

God is a Spir-it: and they that wor-ship him, must wor-ship him in spir-it and in truth.

1神有凡幾。 2若神惟一乃是生活真神。 2若神惟一乃是生活真神。 基督曰聖靈。 其督曰聖靈。 質均能均榮。 質均能均榮。 4. Is it right to wor-ship im-ag-es?

No. We ought not to think that God is like un to gold, or sil-ver, or stone, grav-en by art and man's de-vice.

- 5. Who made the world?
- 6. Who made us?
 God made us, and all men, and all things.
- 7. Who was the first man?

 Ad-am was the first man, and Eve was the first wo-man.
 - 8. How did God make man?

God made man of the dust of the earth, and breathed in-to him the breath of life, and Eve he made of a rib tak-en from Ad-am's side.

relieve The Til

9. Did all the hu-man race spring from Ad-am and Eve?

They did, and there-fore all man-kind are breth-ren.

10. If there is but one God, and all men are brethren, what ought all men to do?

All men ought to wor-ship this one God, and to love one an-oth-er.

11. What will be-come of those who do not worship the true God?

The wick-ed shall be turned in-to hell, and all the na-tions that for-get God.

9 萬代世人從亞當夏娃出來否。是故此世人皆是兄弟。是故此世人皆是兄弟。如何作為。如何作為。如何作為。如何作為。
甚麼。
甚麼。
甚麼。

是故此世人從亞當夏娃出來否。

是故此世人從亞當夏娃出來否。

* hoi = oh! \ _ x jing bai, > > 21

12. Has God some-times shown his great ab-horrence of sin?

God once drowned the world by a flood of water, be-cause the wick-ed-ness of the peo-ple was so great.

13. Were any saved from drown-ing?

Yes. There was one right-e-ous man named No-ah, God di-rect-ed him to build an ark for the sav-ing of him-self and his fam-i-ly.

14. How ma-ny peo-ple were saved?

There were eight saved—No-ah, and his wife, his three sons and their wives: al-so two, (a male and fe-male), of ev-er-y kind of beast, and bird, and creeping thing.

12神或有時顯現己憎惡罪惡否。 有一次神以洪水淹沒世界因為 人之罪惡如此甚大。 人之罪惡如此甚大。 他有有一公義人名挪亞神命令他 做方舟可救自己並家眷。 得救者有八即挪亞並妻與及三 子三媳又有禽獸昆蟲公母各樣 一對。

- 15. How high did the wa-ter rise?
 O-ver the tops of the high-est mount-ains.
- 16. How was such a flood caused?

God caused it to rain for-ty days and for-ty nights, and al-so caused the fount-ains of the great deep to be brok-en up.

17. How long did the wa-ters con-tin-ue on the earth?

It was al-most a year be-fore it was dry e-nough for No-ah to leave the ark.

18. How long ago was the flood? 4220 years ago.

18 這洪水漲有多高。

18 加何發這樣洪水。

神使大雨降臨四十日夜又使大淵神使大雨降臨四十日夜又使大淵等近一年地面纔乾致挪亞可離方將近一年地面纔乾致挪亞可離方

- 19. Did peo-ple live to a great age be-fore the flood?

 Yes. Ma-ny lived to be sev-er-al hun-dred years old.
- 20. Who was the old-est man?

 Me-thus-e-lah. He died at the age of nine hundred and six-ty nine years.
 - 21. What were the names of No-ah's sons? Shem, Ham, and Japh-eth.
- 22. Can you tell what na-tions have de-scend-ed from Shem, what from Ham, and what from Japh-eth?

In gen-er-al, the A-si-at-ics de-scend-ed from Shem, the Af-ri-cans from Ham, and the Eu-ro-peans from Japh-eth.



23. As all nations had a com-mon or-i-gin, how is it that now there are so ma-ny dif-fer-ent lan-guages spok-en in the world?

A-bout one hun-dred years aft-er the del-uge, the peo-ple be-gan to build a great and ver-y high tower. Their mo-tives for build-ing it were not pleasing to God, and he di-vid-ed their lan-guag-es. Not be-ing a-ble any long-er to un-der-stand each oth-er, they sep-a-rat-ed, and went to dwell in dif-fer-ent parts of the earth.

24. How long is it since the cre-a-tion?

From the Cre-a-tion of Ad-am to the Del-uge there were 1656 years, from the Del-uge to the ad-vent

of Christ there were 2348 years, and from the ad-vent of Christ to the pres-ent time, there have been 1872 years; mak-ing in all 5876 years.

25. When Je-sus Christ came in-to the world, where did he live?

In the coun-try called Ju-de-a.

华猶太國。 即穌降世時在何處居住。

25

洪水之後大約二次水之後大約二次水之後大約二次。

八百七十二年〇總共五千八百七十六年。世有二千三百四十八年從共督臨世至今又有亞當至洪水有一千六百五十六年從洪水至即

不悅建塔之意故此使其口音分別 散開往地上各處居住。 個 百年衆· 何 想建 高大之塔〇

.......

26. Where is Ju-de-a?

In the west-ern part of the con-ti-nent of A-si-a, a-bout 4500 miles west of Can-ton.

27. How long did Je-sus Christ re-main as a man up-on the earth?

Thir-ty three and a half years. He was then cru-ci-fied by wick-ed men, and was bur-ied; the third day he rose a-gain, and aft-er for-ty days he as-cend-ed to heav-en.

28. Why did Je-sus, the son of God, be-come man?

He be-came man that he might be our Saviour. By suf-fer-ing he a-toned for our sins. He ful-filled the law in our be-half. By his per-fect life he showed us how to live.

29. Is Je-sus a Sav-iour for all peo-ple as well as for the peo-ple of Ju-de-a?

He is a Sav-iour for all peo-ple. He says: Look un-to me, all ye ends of the earth, and be ye saved.

30. How can we be saved by him?

By be-liev-ing in him: that is, by con-fessing and for-sak-ing our sins, by ac-cept-ing of Jesus as our Sav-iour, and by do-ing ev-er-y thing which he com-mands us in his ho-ly word.

29 耶穌單是猶太人之救主或是萬人之 救主。 他是萬人之救主○他云地之諸極歟 爾宜望我而得救。 信他則可以得救即是認罪而離去之 信他則可以得救即是認罪而離去之 上所命令。

LESSON LXVIII.

do-er hurt re-ward 敗,滅 de-strov rec-om-pense 報答 tri-umph-ing凱 歌 ca-lam-i-ties 災 禍 se-cret 工銀,償 wag-es wheth-er ven-er-a-ble 老, 真長 中保,代訴 rec-omad-vo-cate pens-ed pro-pi-ti-a- 挽回之 ar-riv-ed 來到 tion dur-ing life 平牛 in-sig-nif-i-無緊要 prac-tice cant con-fer 脹目 ac-count hap-pi-ness give acstu-pid count ob-sti-nate there-of mis-fortjudg-ment unes prov-erb 登高。攀上 nev-er-theclimb-ing less em-i-nence 高處 不易,難 dif-fi-cult tum-bling 崩傾頹 es-cape down-hill curse ru-in de-spite-fulstrait 殘虐的 ly broad per-se-cute there-at ac-quire nar-row fame few

CHINESE PROVERBS, AND SCRIPTURE.

1. Con-fu-ci-us said: The do-er of good, Heav-en will re-ward him with bless-ings: the do-er of what is not good, Heav-en will rec-om-pense him with ca-lam-i-ties.

The Bi-ble says: The wag-es of sin is death; but the gift of God is e-ter-nal life, through Jesus Christ our Lord.

2. Su, the Ven-er-a-ble, said: Good is rec-ompens-ed with good; e-vil is rec-om-pens-ed with e-vil; if as yet there is no rec-om-pense, then the time for it has not ar-riv-ed. Dur-ing all the life prac-tice good and Heav-en will con-fer hap-pi-ness; but if one is stu-pid and ob-sti-nate, he will re-ceive ca-lam-i-ties and mis-fort-unes. Good and bad nev-er-the-less will at last have their re-ward. Fly high, or run far, still will it be dif-fi-cult to es-cape.

子曰為善者天報之以福為不 善者天報之以禍。聖書云罪 之償死也惟神之賜乃永生由 之償死也惟神之賜乃永生由 是工耶穌基督焉。 是主耶穌基督焉。 是工事無妻 一个生行善 是不報時辰未到一个生行善 是不報時辰未到一个生行善 The Bi-ble says: Be sure your sin will find you out.

3. Han Hau Chu said: Do not con-sid-er that an e-vil thing, be-cause it is small, may there-fore be done: neith-er con-sid-er that be-cause a cer-tain good thing is in-sig-nif-i-cant, it may there-fore not be done.

Je-sus says: Ev-er-y i-dle word that men shall speak, they shall give ac-count there-of in the day of judg-ment.

4. A proverb says: To do good is like climbing up an eminence: to do e-vil is like tumbling downhill to ruin.

Je-sus says: En-ter ye in at the strait gate: for wide is the gate, and broad is the way, that lead-eth to de-struc-tion, and ma-ny there be which go in thereat: be-cause strait is the gate, and nar-row is the way which lead-eth un-to life, and few there be that find it.

*漢後主日勿以惡小而爲之勿以善小而不爲。 即無日人凡所出之虚言於審即無日, 即無日人凡所出之虚言於審則 以善小而不爲。 以善小而不爲。 即無日爾宜入窄門蓋引至況 即無日爾宜入窄門蓋引至況 和無日爾宜入窄門蓋引至況 即無日爾宜入空門蓋引至況 即無日爾宜入空門蓋引至況 和其門也闊其路也寬而入之 為其門也闊其路也寬而入之 為其門也闊其路也寬而入之 為其門也闊其路也寬而入之 5. Chwang said: He that does good to me, I must do good to him: he that does e-vil to me, I must still do good to him.

Je-sus says: Love your en-e-mies, bless them that curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them which de-spite-ful-ly use you, and per-se-cute you.

6. Men-ci-us said: If man does what is not good, he may ac-quire fame; men may not hurt him, but Heaven will sure-ly de-stroy him.

The Bi-ble says: The tri-umph-ing of the wick-ed is short. God shall bring ev-er-y work in-to judg-ment, with ev-er-y se-cret thing, wheth-er it be good, or wheth-er it be e-vil.

7. Con-fu-ci-us said: He that sins a-gainst Heav-en, has none to whom he can pray.

.....

Je-sus says: What-so-ev-er ye shall ask in prayer, be-liev-ing, ye shall re-ceive.

The A-pos-tle John says: If any man sin, we have an ad-vo-cate with the Fath-er, Je-sus Christ the right-e-ous: and he is the pro-pi-ti-a-tion for our sins; and not for ours on-ly, but al-so for the sins of the whole world.

The A-pos-tle Paul says: There-fore be-ing jus-ti-fied by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Je-sus Christ.

和於神由吾主耶穌基督也。	吏走呆罹云是以发夸死由言而导种援则祭不第爲我儕亦爲舉世之罪焉。	即義者耶穌基督也彼爲我儕罪作挽回之	使徒約翰云人若陷罪則於炎前有保惠師	耶穌日凡所求者信則得之。	·子曰獲罪於天無所疇也。
--------------	---------------------------------	-------------------	-------------------	--------------	--------------

my-self 自己,本身 re-ly-ing 倚靠 pun-ish-ed 被罰 mer-it 功勞

A PRAYER.

O, thou mer-ci-ful, true, and liv-ing God, have mer-cy on me a sin-ner. Send down the Ho-ly Spir-it to change my wick-ed heart. I in my-self have no strength; good works I can-not do. Though I ought to be pun-ish-ed, yet I pray my heav-en-ly Fath-er to confer bless-ings. My ma-ny sins I pray my heav-en-ly Fath-er to for-give, and to de-liv-er me from e-vil, for the sake of the Lord Je-sus Christ. I wait for Je-sus to come a-gain to re-ceive me to heav-en. Re-ly-ing up-on the mer-it of Je-sus I pray, hear my pray-er.

I praise the heav-en-ly Fath-er, I praise Je-sus, I praise the Ho-ly Ghost, Three per-sons in one God.

Go there.

夫 個席 Lie down.

瞓落

Wake up.

醒起

See here.

看呢處

Get up. 介起身

Come here.

來呢處 Come in.

Help me.

入來

幫助我

Light the fire.

點 火

Make tea.

Cook the food.

煮食物

Set the ta-ble.

擺檯 Clear off the ta-blo.

收 檯

Wash the dish-es.

洗碗碟

Go and buy rice.

去買米 Get some bread.

拈 麵 飽 來

Bake the bread.

焗 麵 飽 Boil the rice.

煮 飯

Go out.

出去 Sit down.

坐落 Go to sleep.

去睡 Look there.

看個處

Cook the meat.

Put some wood in the stove.

放些柴落火爐

Get some rice.

拈 些 米 來

Go to the store.

去到舖頭

Make the beds. 整 床 鋪

Pe I the ap-ples.

批平果

Wash the po-ta-toes.

洗 薯 仔

Light the lamp.

點 枝 燈

Sweep the floor.

掃地板 Wash the floor.

洗地板

Dust the fur-ni-ture. 抹家私什物 O-pen the door.

開門

Shut the door.

掩埋門

Lock the door.

鎖門

Bolt the door.

閂門

Wind up the clock.

上鐘鍊 Wash your face.

洗爾面

Put on your boots. 着爾靴

Take off your clothes.

脫去爾衣服 Comb your hair.

梳爾頭髮 Brush your clothes.

刷爾衣服

Brush your boots.
刷爾靴

Col-lect the bills.

收數

Pay your debts.

還債

Take it a-way.

枯他的去 Nim tah firi Bring it here.

Bring it here. 拈他的來 Nien ta tilla

Right a-way.

立刻

It is brok-en.

他的是破了

Fix it. Mend it.

定着他 修補他

Be as quick as you can.

盡力咁快 Do you hear.

爾聽聞否 of improve

I am wait-ing. 我等待 wo tong wai

北 寸 1寸 "" Let it a-lone.

勿擵他 唔好咁做 Let me see.

俾我看 Sei wo kan. That is e-nough.

這是彀了处如

Hoist the win-dow.

上窓門

Let down the win-dow.

落窓門

Do not make a noise.

莫出麗

Keep still. 静静的,安静 Do not speak. 莫講 Stand up. 企立 Let me go. 俾我去 Dont be i-dle. 莫懶惰 Earn your liv-ing. 爾以工作爲生活計 Is it true? 個的是真否 Are you sure? 爾知到實嗎 How do you know? 爾怎樣知到 What is the news? 是甚麽新聞 Who told you? 是誰說爾知 When will you be read-y? 爾何時整便 When will you go?

爾何時去 By and by.

等些少時候

I may go to-mor-row. 我或者明日去 Per-haps I will go to-day. 或是我今日去 Have you dined? 爾食了大餐麽 Not yet. 未曾 The bell is ring-ing. 今時聽鐘响 Go and see who is at the door. 去看知是誰在門外 Who is it? What does he want? 他要甚麽Tayaoman Tell him to come in. 請他進來了這個 I am bus-y. Wo you ship 我有事 I have no time to spare. 我未暇 Call a-gain. Coing toal I am hun-gry. 我肚飢 He is thirst-y. 他是喉渴

, What lady is that? 他是甚麽娘子 Who says so? 是誰說的}ohus-ti Who will help me? 是誰肯幫助我 Who did it? 這個是誰做的 Which do you want? 爾要那一個 What do you want? 爾要何物 What can you do? 爾能做甚麽 What is the price of it? 這個值多少價錢 What did you say? 爾說過甚麽 What will you have? 爾要甚麽 What time is it? 如今幾多點鐘 What is the use of it? 這的是何用的 What are you look-ing at? 阚看向甚麽 What is the mat-ter? 有甚麽事情 That is true.

That will do. 這個在那處 Where have you been? 爾往過那處 When are you go-ing home? 爾幾時回家 Do you know me? 爾可認得我否 Are you sick? 爾有病嗎 Are you well? 爾精神嗎 How is your health? 爾身體是甚麽 平安否 Good morn-ing. 早晨 Good-bye. 請了,好行 Good night. 安然好睡 It is hot. 這個是熱,天氣是熱 lt is cold. 他是冷,天氣是冷

In shen mo shih trying I'a shik leng, tien ki shih leng

Cloud-y weath-er. | What is your name?

天雲靉靆

Wet weath-er. 天氣濕

Dry weath-er.

天氣早

Cold weath-er.

天氣冷

This is a cold sea-son.

今是冷時

This is the rain-y sea-son.

今是雨天時 A cold wind-y day.

A cold wind-y day 冷風之日

A frost-y night.

落霜之夜

What is your name? 爾甚麼名 How old are you?

爾是幾多歲

Where do you live?

爾在那處住

Where are you from?

爾從何處來

What do you work at?

爾做何工作

Can you speak English?

爾識講英話否 Can you write?

爾能寫字否

Write your name. 寫爾的名



One half.

一半

One third.

三份一

One quar-ter.

四份·

One doz-en.

十二個

Twice as much.

兩倍之多

Half as much.

一半之多 Three times as much.

三倍之多

One score.

二十

One gross.

十二個十二即 一百四十四

One quire.

一刀紙,即二十四張 This man has good man-

ners.

此人好禮貌 He is po-lite.

他是好禮儀的 That per-son is rude.

他是粗俗的人

Please teach him some po-

lite phras-es.

請教他幾句禮儀文

Ver-y well, I will try.

好呀,我試教他 Please, sir, come in.

請爾先生入來

Will you have a seat, sir?

爾可坐位,先生

Please be seat-ed.

請 坐

Are you well?

爾平安呀

Ver-y well, I thank you.

多謝狠好

Is your fam-i-ly well?

爾府上好呀

Thank you, ver-y well.

托賴狠好

Is bus-i-ness good? 好生意呀

Will you have a cup of tea?

爾要杯茶呀

If you please.

若爾准

May I troub-le you for a

glass of wa-ter?

多煩爾俾我一杯水

No troub-le, sir.

好話,唔多煩,先生

Will you please as-sist me? 請爾可幫助我否 With great pleas-ure. 是,極情願 May I help you to fruit?

任我俾果子與爾 Thank you, not any more.

多謝,唔在咯 Now I must leave you.

今時作別去 Please tar-ry a-while yet. 請爾再坐些添

Call a-gain ver-y soon. 請爾早日返來坐

m 附 平 口 这 木 至 Do you live far from here? 爾居住的屋是遠否

Not far.

不是遠 Can I be of serv-ice to you?

爾要我代勞否 No, I thank you.

多謝我不要 I beg your par-don.

· 唔 該, It is grant-ed.

恕了

Ex-cuse me.

寬恕我

Will you fa-vor us with

your com-pa-ny to-morrow at break-fast? 明朝請駕光臨我 舍下一叙

Thank you. It will af-ford me great pleas-ure.

多謝爾,個的令我好歡喜

Has the steam-er sailed? 火船開身否

When will she sail?

火船幾時開身

She is to sail next Mon-day.
下槽拜一定期開身

When did the steam-er ar-rive?

火船幾時到的 Shear-rived this morn-ing.

他今朝到的

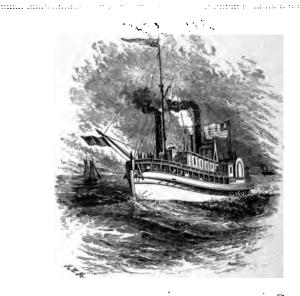
Did she bring ma-ny passen-gers?

他載搭客多否 She brought a-bout six

他載來搭客大約 六百

Did you re-ceive any letters?

爾有信接到否



Yes, sir. I re-ceived sever-al.

有,先生,我接得幾封 Are you go-ing to the post of-fice?

爾將去書信館否 Please in-quire for my letters and news-pa-pers.

多煩爾查我的信 並新聞紙 Who is that? 他是誰 That is my friend. 他是我朋友
What is his bur-i-ness?
他做甚麼貴幹
He is a mer-chant.
他是貿易的人
Does he suc-ceed in busi-ness?
他是順遂否
Pretty well, I think.
我想他頗好
Has he been long in Cali-for-ni-a?
他在金山好久麼

Train him chan has bin mo.

[FORM OF A LETTER.]

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 25th, 1872

My Dear Parents,

It is now seven months since I left you, and the time seems very long indeed; for in this country we find things very different from what they are in China.

Our Chinese people do not live in families as they do in China. There are very few Chinese women here of good character, and the men are very much crowded in lodging and boarding houses; and the accommodations are generally very poor; although as to supplies for the table we fare better than the common people do in China.

Our people are very much exposed to temptations here. There are a great many gambling shops, and innumerable venders of lottery tickets; opium smoking is learfully prevalent, the level women have no shame, and theaters are open every night; also frequently during the day.

I hope I may be able to resist these temptations. I know that only God can give me strength to do so. Will you pray for me.

I trust that I may never forget my filial duties.

Dlease give my love to all relutives and friends.

I remain ever,

Your affectionate son,

On Chak.

Sacramento, Feb. 20th, 1872.

Mr Fong Eng, of Wing Wong Lung & Co.

Dear Friend.

Your letter of Jan. 30th was duly received. In answer to your inquiries regarding the openings for business here, I have to say: that, though we would be very glad to have you near us, business of all kinds is very dull. We hope soon to see a change for the better, and be assured that the first favorable indications will be promptly reported to you.

> Yours very truly, Yen Chong & Co.

Dear Ah Sam,

Your note of yesterday is at hand. I will with great pleasure, procure and forward the articles us re. quested.

Hoping that yourself and all our mutual friends are well,

I remain as ever,

Us. aff.

Quan On.

Stockton. Apr. 3, 1871.

[ORDER FOR GOODS.]

Messis Koopmanschap & Co.

Gentlemen,

Please deliver to the bearer the goods as per the accompanying memorandum.

And oblige, Yours truly, Chy Lung & Co.

April 7th, 1871. No. Sacramento S**treet,** San Francisco.

[ADDRESSES OF LETTERS.]

Mr. fames Brown, No. 120, Washington St., Stockton, Cal

fames Adams, Esq., Care of Mrs. H. Smith, Canton, China

> Edward Tapp, Esq., San Jose, Santa Clara Co., Cal

FORM OF A BILL OF GOODS.

San Francisco, Nov. 21, 1871.

Mr. James Wills

Bought of H. Hiscox & Co.

8	Lls Green Tea @ #1	\$8 00
7	"Brown Sugar @ 15 cts.	105
	Gals Molasses @ #1	400
	Bars Soap at 50cts per	1
	Bar	200
1	Bbl Flour at \$6	6 00
1	Sach Botatoes, 120 lbs, at	
	1 1/2cts. per lb	180
	,	22.85

Received Payment,

H. Hiscox & Co.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.1871.

Mr. John Hall,

To Jacob Smith, Dr.

To 1 lell. Best Flour, @ \$7 \$ 700 "10 lbs fava Coffee. at 40cts. 400 "20 "Best Butter at 50cts. 1000

\$ 21.10

Credited by Cash 12.00

Balance 9.10

Rec'd. Paymit.

Jacob Smith,

By Walter Hanks.

1	-
	NOTE
	OMISSORY
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	PORM
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Fixty days after date, I promise to pay to William Jun Francisco, Dec. 17, 1871.

att, or Order, the sum of One Thousand Dollars, f

[FORM OF REGRIPT FOR RENT.]

Received, San Francisco, July 10, 1871, of Daul Jones, the sum of Twenty $\frac{50}{100}$ Dollars, in full of rent for house No 28, Dine St., from June 10, to date.

 $\sqrt[4]{20.\frac{50}{100}}$

Charles Everett.

Stockton, May 9th, 1871.

Received from James Horton, the sum of one Hundred Dollars, being the amount of one Quarter's rent of Dwelling House, No. 46, Pine St., due and ending the 20th day of April last.

\$100

Robert Halleck.

[FORM OF RECEIPT TO APPLY ON ACCOUNT.]

\$ 147 \frac{57}{100}

Sun Francisco, Jan. 6, 1871.

Received of Joseph Tanner, the sum of One Hundred and Forty Seven Dollars and Fifty Seven Cents, to apply on account.

Benjamin Carll.

[FORM OF RECEIPT IN FULL OF ALL DEMANDS.]

\$ 400

Vallejo, Oct. 11, 1871.

Received of Edward Tully, the sum of Four Hundred Dollars, in full of all demands.

Geo. Smith

ABBREVIATIONS.

Gent.—Gentleman.

Mr. Mister.

Mrs. Mistress.

Esq. Esquire.

M. D. Medical Doctor.

Rev. Reverend.

D. D. Doctor of Divinity.

Capt. Captain.

Messrs. Sirs. Gentlemen.

Gov. Governor.

Hon. Honorable.

Pres. President.
Prof. Professor.

Co. Company.

Dr. Debtor: Doctor.

Cr. Creditor.

A. M. Forenoon.

P. M. Afternoon.

P. S. Post Script.

P. O. Post Office.

No. Number.

Ans. Answer.

Do. Ditto. The same.

Viz. Namely.

Rec'd. Received.

Pd. Paid.

Id. The same.

I. E. That is.

Bbl. Barrel.

Lbs. Pounds.

Bu. Bushel.

Cwt. One hundred weight.

Cts. Cents.

\$ Dollar.

Yd. Yard.

Chap. Chapter.

& And.

Etc. Et cetera.

&c. And so forth.

U. S. A. United States of

E. East.

America. N. North.

South W. West.

B. C. Before Christ.

A. D. Anno Domini. In the year of our Lord.

Jan. January.

Feb. February.

Apr. April.

Aug. August.

Sept. September.

Oct. October.

Nov. November.

Dec. December.

MULTIPLICATION TABLE.

			<u> </u>
once	1 is 1	3 times	1 are 3
once	2 is 2	3 times	2 are 6
once	3 is 3	3 times	3 are 9
once	4 is 4	3 times	4 are 12
once	5 is 5	3 times	5 are 15
once	6 is 6	3 times	6 are 18
once	7 is 7	3 times	7 are 21
once	8 is 8	3 times	8 are 24
once	9 is 9	3 times	9 are 27
once	10 is 10	3 times	10 are 30
once	11 is 11	3 times	11 are 33
once	12 is 12	3 times	12 are 36
twice	1 are 2	4 times	1 are 4
twice	2 are 4	4 times	2 are 8
twice	3 are 6.	4 times	3 are 12
twice	4 are 8	4 times	4 are 16
twice	5 are 10	4 times	5 are 20
twice	6 are 12	4 times	6 are 24
twice	7 are 14	4 times	7 are 28
twice	8 are 16	4 times	8 are 32
twice	9 are 18	4 times	9 are 36
twice	10 are 20	4 times	10 are 40
twice	11 are 22	4 times	11 are 44
twice	1 2 are 24	4 times	12 are 48
twice twice twice	8 are 16 9 are 18 10 are 20 11 are 22	4 times 4 times 4 times 4 times	8 are 32 9 are 36 10 are 40 11 are 44

5 times	1 are 5	7 times	1 are 7
5 times	2 are 10	7 times	2 are 14
5 times	3 are 15	7 times	3 are 21
5 times	4 are 20	7 times	4 are 28
5 times	5 are 25	7 times	5 are 35
5 times	6 are 30	7 times	6 are 42
5 times	7 are 35	7 times	7 are 49
5 times	8 are 40	7 times	8 are 56
5 times	9 are 45	7 times	9 are 63
5 times	10 are 50	7 times	10 are 70
5 times	11 are 55	7 times	11 are 77
5 times	12 are 60	7 times	12 are 84
6 times	2 are 12 3 are 18 4 are 24 5 are 30 6 are 36 7 are 42 8 are 48	8 times	2 are 16 3 are 24 4 are 32 5 are 40 6 are 48 7 are 56 8 are 64
6 times	9 are 54	8 times	9 are 72
6 times	10 are 60	8 times	10 are 80
6 times	11 are 66	8 times	11 are 88
6 times	12 are 72	8 times	12 are 96

				1			
9 times	1	are	9	11 times	1	are	11
9 times	2	are	18	11 times	2	are	22
9 times	3	are	27	11 times	3	are	33
9 times	4	are	36	11 times	4	are	44
9 times	5	are	45	11 times	5	are	55
9 times	6	are	54	11 times	6	are	66
9 times	7	are	63	11 times	7	are	77
9 times	8	are	72	11 times	8	are	88
9 times	9	are	81	11 times	9	are	99
9 times	10	are	90	11 times	10	are	110
9 times	11	are	99	11 times	11	are	121
9 times	12	are :	108	11 times	12	are	132
			•				
	-						
10 times	1	are	10	12 times	1	are	12
10 times	2	are	2 0	12 times	2	are	24
10 times	3	are	3 0	12 times	3	are	36
10 times	4	are	40	12 times	4	are	48
10 times	5	are	5 0	12 times	5	are	60
10 times	G	are	60	12 times	6	are	72
10 times	7	are	7 0	12 times	7	are	84
10 times	8	are	80	12 times	8	are	96
10 times	9	are	90	12 times	9	are	108
10 times	10	are 1	00	12 times	10	are	120
10 times	11	are 1	l 10	12 times	11	are	132
10 times	12	are 1	2 0	12 times	12	are	144
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A R C D E F G H I J K



X & Y & W





